Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.---NO. 13. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,871

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The New York base ball club sailed from Charleston, S. C., yesterday for home. —— A conference of Mormon elders engaged in missionary work in the Southern States is in session at Charleston, S. C. —— A Mr. Smith and his wife, recent arrivals from the North, were burned to death in their house near Pensacola, Fla. —— W. A. Jackson killed his wife and infant child and then shot himself dead at his home in Albany, Ga. —— The Pope's physicians continue to deny reports of his ill health. —— The proclamation of the Philippine commission has been posted and circulated in Manila and surrounding towns. —— The ultimate German aim in the Samoan affair is said to be a friendly division of the islands, which it is believed America will not object to if its coaling station is secured. —— The British government is considering a scheme for a railway through the Soudan. —— Mrs. Charles Totten elected Mayor of Beattie, Ks. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call was strong, 6@16 per cent, the last loan being at 6 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 3-16c; flour was more active and held higher on the advance in wheat; wheat — spot firm; No. 2 red 82½c; corn—spot firm; No. 2 42@43½c; oats—spot quiet; No. 2, 33@33½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 39c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 5.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 39 deg.; 8 P. M., 48 deg.; maximum, 54 deg.; minimum, 33 deg.; mean, 54 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .51.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 15.6.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—For North Carolina—Showers Thursday, with warmer in eastern portions; probably rain Friday; fresh easterly winds.

Port Almanac---April 6.

Sun Rises	5.41 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.24 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 41 M.
High Water at Southport	4.57 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	8 27 P. M.

The New York *Tribune* has found a Trust with $2,000,000 capital, only $2,000 of which has been paid in. But that will do as well as any to take in the confiding.

The Postoffice Department has boycotted the chain-letter business, which it classes with lotteries. That's all right, for the chain-letter was becoming a great nuisance.

Carl Schurz says Lincoln and Cleveland both loom above Jefferson and Jackson and all the other Presidents. Now, we would like to have Carl's honest estimate of himself.

The Eastern Shore of Maryland seems to have the pull on the canned tomato business. Of the 5,000,000 cans annually put up in this country 1,800,000 are put up on the Eastern Shore.

The farmers of Georgia are curtailing their purchases of commercial fertilizer. According to the commissioner of Agriculture, the purchases this year will be a fourth less than last year.

A case of remarkable imagination is reported from St. Louis, a girl who contracted meningitis from reading an account of it. When a St. Louis girl becomes interested in anything she does become interested.

The Ohio people want the earth. A couple of them are now claiming the $10,000,000 estate left by that old bachelor James Tyson, who died recently in Australia. It is said that he originally came or went from Baltimore.

A Toledo, Ohio, dispatch tells how a French Canadian, in a fit of jealousy, slew his sweetheart, Olga Possamie, a beautiful half-breed Indian girl, because she had jilted him, and then killed himself. He objected to Possamie's possum playing.

An Indian gentleman in Oklahoma recently performed the remarkable feat of stealing his brother's bicycle, riding six miles and attempting to kill his sweetheart without waking up. He was a daisy somnambulist, so pronounced by the board of health, which asked for and secured his release, after he was arrested.

There is a chance for somebody to make $30,000 by proving property. It is lying in the State Treasury of Montana without a claimant. The State lays no claim to it, nor does any one else. It was turned over to the investigating committee by a Senator, who says it was given to him to vote for Senator-elect Clark, and Clark says it isn't his money and he doesn't know anything about it. They do not seem to have a conscience fund in that State.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Wilmington Lodge I. O. O. F. will confer the second degree upon three candidates to-night.

— The steamer *Frank Sessoms* arrived yesterday from Clear Run. The *Driver* is expected down from Fayetteville to-day.

— The county Board of Audit and Finance will meet this afternoon for the purpose of examining the county's bills for April.

— The Chamber of Commerce will hold its regular monthly meeting to-day at 3.30 P. M. President Chadbourn urges a full attendance.

— Peter Barry, colored, was fined in Justice McGowan's court yesterday for an assault on Rena Davis, also colored, an occupant of "Paradise Alley."

— Lizzie Wortham, colored, was committed to jail yesterday for nonpayment of costs in a case of disorderly conduct before one of the downtown magistrates.

— The many friends of Chief Parmele will be glad to know that he has sufficiently recovered to spend much of his time now at the City Hall in his official capacity.

— The unfortunate shooting of Mr. Council Joyner, of LaGrange, by Mr. J. C. Wootten, was telegraphed to the STAR from Kinston, N. C., where it occurred, but through mistake appeared among telegrams from Raleigh in yesterday's paper.

— Only one case and that for a trivial offence was tried in the municipal court yesterday. Mayor Waddell has given notice that hereafter sessions of the court will be held at 9.30 A. M., and that the office hours for the Mayor will be from 9 to 11 o'clock A. M, and from 5 to 6 o'clock P. M.

— The schooner *Chas. C. Lister*, Capt. Robinson, bound from New York via Richmond, Va., to Wilmington, is several days overdue. She was probably blown off the coast by adverse winds and was unable to make the harbor at Southport. She is consigned to Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—Proposals invited.
Jas. D. Nutt—Ask any housekeeper.
S. W. Sanders—For a few days only.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. W. W. Carter, of Morton, is in the city on business.

— Mr. Jas. H. Johnson, of Hope Mills, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. W. F. Craven, of Siler City, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. D. J. Barnes, of Wilson, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. H. Mintz, of Shallotte, is making business calls in the city.

— M. C. Guthrie, Esq., of Southport, came up on the *Manila* yesterday afternoon.

— Walter H. Neal, Esq., of Laurinburg, was a welcome visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Thomas W. Myers left yesterday afternoon for Charleston, where he expects to spend some time.

— Messrs. R. V. Leonard, S. M. Leonard and Samuel Russ, of Shallotte, are in the city on a business trip.

— Misses Jessie and Susie Belle LaMott, who have been in the city the guests of Miss May Belle Sneed, left yesterday for their home in Florence.

A. C. L. Surgeons Appointed.

The many friends of Dr. I. H. Manning will be glad to learn that he has received the appointment by the Atlantic Coast Line as surgeon of Wilmington district from Rocky Mount to the South Carolina line. Dr. Manning for quite a while served efficiently as chemist for the Navassa Guano works, and left here to prosecute the study of medicine, having, since his graduation, done extensive service in leading hospitals North. Other appointments announced by the Coast Line are as follows: Dr. Van Telburg Hoffman, Norfolk district, and Dr. W. W. Hicks, Florence district.

New Law Firm.

A copartnership for the practice of law has been entered into by George Rountree, Esq., of the Wilmington bar, and J. C. Carr, Esq., of Kenansville, Dublin county. Mr. Carr arrived in the city yesterday, and in the future will make Wilmington his home. He was Duplin's representative in the last General Assembly, and made an enviable record as a true Democrat and an able financier. He also contributed largely to the success of Democracy of his county during the campaign of 1898. The Wilmington bar will no doubt extend him that cordial welcome he so richly deserves.

Two Telephone Alarms.

The department responded to two telephone alarms of fire yesterday. The first was at 6:27 yesterday morning, fire having been discovered in the three-story frame dwelling occupied by Mr. J. W. Eubanks, No. 213½ Market street. The house was owned by Alderman C. C. Parker, and the damage, amounting to about $15, was covered by insurance. The cause of the fire was a defective flue.

The second alarm was caused by a chimney burning out in Major D. O'Connor's residence, on Princess street, last night at about 9:30 o'clock.

INTERESTING SESSION

The Wilmington Presbytery Will Probably Finish Their Work To-day.

DR. CHESTER'S LECTURES.

White Plain's Church the Place for the Next Session to Convene in September Next Year—Proceedings of Woman's Convention.

The next session of the Wilmington Presbytery, now in session with St. Andrew's Church, this city, will be held with the church at White Plains, Pender county, September 14th of this year. The selection was made yesterday afternoon by the Presbytery upon recommendation of the committee on time and place, composed of Rev. Jno. Stanly Thomas and Mr. C. Johnson.

The second day's session of the Presbytery was called to order yesterday at 9:30 A. M. by the Moderator, Rev. J. L. Winecoff, with the stated clerk, Rev. A. McFadyen, at his desk. The first order of business was the announcement of the following committees:

Narrative to General Assembly—Rev. P. C. Morton and E. C. Smith.

Systematic Beneficence—Rev. S. H. Isler and W. J. Boney.

Ministerial Support—W. H. Sprunt and Rev. R. V. Lancaster.

Sessional Records—No. 1, Rev. W. M. Shaw and George S. Moore; No. 2, B. F. Hall and E. Mann; No. 3, W. F. Shaw and J. H. Moore.

A communication protesting against the seating of Congressman-elect Roberts, of Utah, was read and referred to a committee composed of Rev. Peter McIntyre and Rev. Geo. W. McMillan.

The report of Rev. A. McFadyen, as agent for ministerial education, was read and approved, as were the reports of Rev. J. E. L. Winecoff, as Sunday school agent, and Mr. John McLaurin as treasurer.

As a result of a statement made by Rev. R. V. Lancaster, the treasurer was instructed to divide the church and Christian education fund between the James Sprunt Institute and Davidson College.

Rev. A. G. Voigt, D. D., was invited to a seat with the Presbytery.

Rev. S. H. Isler and Mr. B. G. Worth were nominated as commissioners to represent this Presbytery in the General Assembly to convene in Richmond in May, and Rev. P. C. Morton and Dr. W. B. Murphy as alternates.

The following Presbyterial agents and committees, to serve during the ensuing year, were selected:

Publications and Colportage—Rev. K. McDonald.

Foreign Missions—Rev. A. D. McClure.

Educational—Rev. J. S. Thomas.

Colored Evangelization—Rev. R. V. Lancaster.

Sunday Schools—J. S. Moore.

Committee on Sabbath—Rev. Peter McIntyre.

Home Missions—Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., Rev. A. McFadyen, B. F. Hall and Henry Farrior.

Committee to Audit Treasurer's Accounts—A. A. Willard, B. G. Worth and W. H. Sprunt.

Rev. J. Stanley Thomas accepted a call to Topsail church, and Rev. A. D. McClure, A. McFadyen and W. H. Sprunt were appointed a commission to install him as pastor. Rev. Mr. Thomas also offered his resignation of the pastorate of Pike, Hopewell and Mt. Williams' churches, and the Presbytery dissolved the relation.

Dr. P. H. Hoge submitted an excellent report on the Home Mission work and made a number of important recommendations. The report was accepted and the recommendations adopted.

Rev. R. V. Lancaster, S. O. Middleton and W. H. Grady were appointed a commission to investigate the record titles to Presbyterian churches in Duplin county.

The Presbytery took a recess at 5:30. P. M. o'clock until 8 o'clock at night

The Visiting Delegates.

It will be of interest to note in this connection the names of the visiting delegates attending the Presbytery. They are as follows:

Rev. Colin Shaw, Kerr; Rev. A. McFadyen, Clarkton; Rev. G. W. McMillan, Burgaw; Rev. Peter McIntyre, Faison; Rev. S. H. Isler, Goldsboro; Rev. R. V. Lancaster, Kenansville; Rev. J. E. L. Winecoff, Whiteville; Rev. W. M. Shaw, Southport. Ruling Elders—C. Johnson, Ivanhoe; Geo. J. Moore, Point Caswell; W. M. Campbell, Clarkton; J. L. Gorman, Cronly; W. J. Boney, Wallace; W. I. Shaw, Kerr; C. S. Carr, Zenia; E. C. Smith, Magnolia; Dr. W. B. Murphy, Tomhawk; Jas. H. Moore, Burgaw; P. Furpless, Southport; Ivey W. Sidberry, Topsail Sound; E. Mann, Warsaw, and D. J. Williams, Chinquepin.

The Night Session.

At 8 o'clock last night the Presbytery was treated to a remarkably fine lecture by Rev. S. H. Chester, D. D., of Nashville. His theme was "The Mission Work in China; Its Conditions and Difficulties." At the conclusion of the lecture a collection, amounting to $25.60, was taken for the mission work.

The Woman's Convention.

The Woman's Convention of Foreign Mission Societies of the Wilmington Presbytery was called to order at 10.30 o'clock in the Lecture room of St. Andrew's Church. Mrs. B. F. Hall, the president, presided, and Mrs. D. M. Fennell was secretary. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. S. H. Isler, of Goldsboro.

The following visiting delegates were in attendance:

Mrs. A. J. Johnson, Mrs. Pridgen and Mrs. Mattie Taylor, New Hope, Brunswick county; Mrs. W. T. Bonnerman and Mrs. J. B. Moore, Burgaw; Miss Eliza Murphy, Caswell; Mrs. Munson, Black River; Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Wellington, Faison.

The reports of various societies were satisfactory. Mrs. A. J. Johnson, of Brunswick, read a report on the mission work in Laos and Mrs. William H. Chadbourn and Mrs. P. Pearsall on China.

Mrs. E. W. MacRae addressed the convention on the general work of the societies, and Rev. S. H. Chester, D. D., spoke upon the work in Corea. Both were interesting addresses.

The convention adjourned about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to meet in June of next year with the Caswell Presbyterian Church.

Announcements For To-Day.

At 9:30 o'clock this morning the work of the Presbytery will be resumed. It is expected that the work of the session will be concluded to day.

To night Dr. Chester will lecture on the "Lives, Labors, Homes and Habits of the Missionaries as he saw them." The public is cordially invited.

PAVING PRINCESS STREET.

With This in View Superintendent Perry is in Charlotte to Examine the Merits of Mecklenburg Granite.

For some weeks it has been tacitly understood that among the improvements contemplated by the city government for the coming year is the paving of Princess street from Front to Fourth, and it now seems that such a work will be commenced within a very short time. Aside from the fact that Princess street is already one of the principal thoroughfares in the city and consequently is in need of the improvements under consideration, the property owners who would be benefitted by the contemplated change have signified their willingness, if need be, to contribute by private subscription to the city fund for this purpose.

With this in view, the Committee on Streets and Wharves have had the matter under consideration for some weeks and yesterday under direction of this committee, Superintendent of Streets J. A. Perry left for Charlotte to make an inspection of and secure prices on the celebrated "trap" rock with which the streets of that city are paved in part, if not wholly, and which is found in abundant quantity in Mecklenburg county.

He will remain in Charlotte for several days examining work of similar character to that under consideration here and will report the result of his observation to the proper authorities upon his return.

The "trap" rock is said to very much resemble the Belgian blocks, now in use in the city, the only difference being that it is of a darker hue, and competent authorities claim for it, other points of superiority as to hardness, etc.

The work of grading this street, Mr. Perry says, will be commenced soon, as will also be begun the grading of the east side of Front, between Orange and Ann streets.

MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.

A Profitable Quarterly Meeting Held at 3.30 O'clock Yesterday Afternoon—Exchange of Opinions.

A regular quarterly meeting of the members of the Merchant's Association of Wilmington was held yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. There was a good attendance and many matters of importance to the city's mercantile interests were discussed and several matters of routine business. Notable business transacted was the appointment of Mr. W. E. Worth and Mr. M. W. Jacobi a special committee to investigate the situation with reference to the movement for good roads in the county and confer with the Board of County Commissioners regarding the election on good roads which will be held in August. Secretary Heinsberger reported that he would very soon issue a pamphlet giving the entire "black list" now on the records of the association.

A feature of the meeting was the reading of letters from Representatives Geo. Rountree and Martin Willard, in response to letters from Mr. Heinsberger as secretary of the association expressive of the association's appreciation for the labors of the representatives, while in Raleigh, to secure good legislation. Both gentlemen gave expression to much gratification for the thanks and the commendation of the Merchant's Association.

There was a very profitable exchange of opinions upon the business conditions and prospects in Wilmington, and much enthusiasm was manifested at the splendid prospects for continued and multiplied prosperity. The president, Major W. A. Johnston, presided. He announced next general meeting to be held on Wednesday, July 5th.

At Grace M. E. Church.

Rev. Mr. Watson, of Summerville, S. C., who is assisting Rev. Mr. Tyer in a series of meetings at Grace Church, gives evidence of fine pulpit ability. His text last night was, "Now faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen, for by it the elders obtain a good report." He speaks clearly and distinctly, is logical and convincing and commands the wrapt attention of an audience. The audience has already doubled, and last night was his second sermon. His subject to-night will be "The Demoniac of Gadara." Doubtless there will be a large crowd out to hear him.

BOARD HOSPITAL MANAGERS.

Heard Monthly Reports and Transacted Other Routine Matters at Meeting Yesterday—Hospital Guild.

Only routine matters were considered at the regular monthly meeting of the Board of Hospital Managers, held yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Col. Roger Moore, the chairman, presided and members present were Mr. Gabriel Holmes, from the Board of County Commissioners; Aldermen Springer and Spencer, and Dr. C. P. Bolles, superintendent of the hospital.

Dr. Bolles reported that the operating table and other instruments donated by the ladies of the Hospital Guild had been received and that the hospital is now supplied with the most modern surgical appliances, and in this respect is second to no institution of its size in the South.

The clerk to the Board was instructed to forward to the secretary of the Guild the following expression of its thanks to the ladies of this valuable auxilary to the hospital's work:

At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the City Hospital held this day it was resolved that the thanks of the Board be tendered the Hospital Guild for their munificent donation of an operating table, surgical instruments and other appliances for use in the operating room of the City Hospital.

The monthly report of the superintendent was read and showed that during the month of March 47 patients were treated; 14 of the number were pay patients; 23 were white patients and 24 colored. Patients remaining in the hospital March 1st were 15 in number. There were 32 admissions during the month, of which number, during the same period, 17 were discharged and 5 died. There were remaining at the hospital April 1st, 25 patients.

The report of the treasurer shows expenditures for the month of March $506.30—$338.08 for supplies and $168.22 salaries of employes. Receipts for the month including county and city appropriation with $181.86 from pay patients and $27.15 from prescriptions, amounted to $525.67, leaving a balance to April account of $119.37.

The report is a very complimentary one and Dr. Bolles was warmly congratulated upon the success made in managing the affairs of the institution.

SALARIES DETERMINED.

By City Board of Audit and Finance Last Night—No Important Changes Were Made.

An adjourned meeting of the City Board of Audit and Finance was held last night, all members being present.

The bid of Mr. Samuel J. Davis of $9.70 per month for caring for mules belonging to the city was approved.

The bond of Capt. E. G. Parmele, as Chief of Police, in the sum of $1,000 justified, was accepted, with Geo. Rountree, Esq., Capt. T. D. Meares and Mr. Martin Newman as surteies.

Salaries of officers were fixed as follows: Chief of Police, per annum, $1.200; captain of police, $750; lieutenant of police, $650; sergeants of police, per month, $42.50; janitors, per month, $35; messenger boy, per month, $20; clerk Front street market, per annum, $500; clerk Fourth street market, $300; cattle weigher, $360; health officers, per month, $35; superintendent of streets, per annum, $600; policemen, per diem, $1.33½; street laborers, per diem, $1.00; city cart drivers, per week, $5.00.

It will appear from the above list, that all salaries fixed at the meeting last night remain the same as those in effect since the Democratic administration began, November 10th last.

Bills for current expenses to the amount of $3,765.42, were approved.

The Board then adjourned, subject to call of the chairman.

The Hose Reel Accident.

Fireman Ed. Haar, who was injured in the hose reel accident early yesterday morning, was doing very well yesterday, though unable to be on duty. His injuries consist of several sprains about the ankles and knees, but are thought not to be permanent. Former driver H. L. Peterson, who has since been promoted to foreman of Engine Co. No. 1, was driving the reel at the time of the accident and says that the coolness of the boys in the management of the reel averted what might have been a much more serious accident. After the breaking of the reel at Seventh and Market streets it required the utmost dexterity in driving to get the horse under control at Tenth and Market, where he left the reel to communicate with the chief with regard to the accident.

Have Pleased Their Patrons.

The engagement by the Eunice Goodrich Company at the Opera House was concluded last night with a good presentation of the farce comedy, "Wanted, a Husband," accompanied by the usual meritorious specialties. There was also a matinee, the bill for which was "Phyllis." The Eunice Goodrich Company has made quite a good impression upon patrons of the Wilmington Opera House as an especially good popular price company.

Death of an Infant.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. G. Herbert Smith will sympathize with them in the loss of their infant son, Herbert Gordon, aged three months, whose death occurred yesterday morning at the family residence, No. 204 Nun street. The funeral will be held this morning at 11 o'clock from St. James Episcopal Chruch.

SUCCESSFUL ENTERTAINMENT

Given in Lecture Room of the First Baptist Church Last Night—An Interesting Programme.

A large audience assembled in the lecture room of the First Baptist Church last night to witness the entertainment, the splendid programme for which was arranged and directed by Mrs. C. O. Byerly. The event proved a success both from financial and social view points. Each feature of the programme was well staged and the participants interpreted their roles excellent. Miss Hattie Taylor read "The Magic Mirror" with pleasing effect and the various characters were impersonated as follows:

Rich and Fair, Miss Carrie White. *The Country Lass*, Miss Mary Powers; *Lady of the Period*, Miss Annie Jones; *Gay and Fair*, Miss Nellie Platt; *Nun*, Miss Ethel Barnes; *Masculine Girl*, Miss May Whitney; *The Flower Girl*, Miss Annie Platt; *The Housewife*, Miss Julia Merrill; *The Brunette*, Miss Ellie White; *Æsthetic Maiden*, Miss Bessie Burtt; *The Quakeress*, Miss Hester Struthers; *The Wise Girl*, Miss Mammie Merrill; *The Choice*, Miss Annie Taylor; *Bachelor*, Mr. E. T. Huggins; *Magnan*, Mr. W. P. Oldham, Jr.

Mr. James Cowan scored quite a success with his interpretation of "I'll Remain Single," acquitting himself with his usual grace and histrionil ability.

Miss Nellie Platt sang with good effect "The Three Maids of Lee." This was also an illustrated song, the characters being impersonated as follows: *Young Maids*—Miss Annie Taylor, Miss Annie Jones and Miss Bessie Burtt. *Old Maids*—Miss May Whitney, Miss Mary Powers and Miss Ethel Barnes. *Lovers*—Mr. B. O. Stone, Mr. Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., Mr. E. T. Huggins, Mr. Chas. Furgerson, Mr. F. M. Fulford, Mr. W. L. Williford, Mr. H. Sanders, Mr. Wm. Whitney and Mr. Wm. Taylor.

The programme was concluded with a farce in one act, "One of You Must Marry," presented with the following cast: *Jocob*, W. P. Oldham, Jr.; *William*, Ed. T. Huggins; *Gertrude*, Mrs. W. P. Oldham, Jr.; *Louise*, Miss Annie Taylor.

The entertainment netted a creditable sum, which will be used in the special work of the church.

L'ARIOSO CLUB'S EASTER GERMAN.

Held Last Night in Germania Hall—There Were Many Spectators Present—A Brilliant Success.

L'Arioso German Club held their formal Easter german last night from 9:30 to 1:30 o'clock, led by Mr. Warren Johnson. There was quite a company of spectators, and the general verdict is that no prettier or more delightful german has been held in Wilmington for quite a while. The music was by the Baltimore Italian Band.

The participants were as follows:

Mr. Warren Johnson with Miss Hattie Bellamy; Mr. H. M. Chase with Miss Mary Calder; Mr. J. V'B. Metts with Miss Lamb; Mr. E. H. Munson with Miss Bessie Gibson; Mr. Alex. Adrian with Miss Hoyt, Washington; Mr. Geo. Crow with Miss Emma West; Mr. T. W. Davis with Miss Anna Peck; Mr. Swift Boatwright with Alice Boatwright; Mr. E. P. Willard with Miss Mazie West; Mr. J. T. Munds with Miss Cammie Lord; Mr. Jas. Stevenson with Miss Mary Treat Peck; Mr. Clayton Giles with Miss Lucile Murchison; Mr. E. C. Taylor, Jr., with Miss Lola Martin; Mr. F. W. Dick with Miss May Jennings Bellamy; Mr. Milton Elliott with Mrs. E. S. Latimer; Mr. Champ McD. Davis with Miss Jennie Peck; Mr. Thos. H. Wright with Miss Eliza Bellamy, Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr. 2d, with Miss Della Clark; Mr. Henry Peschau with Miss Mallett, of Fayetteville; Mr. Hugh Miller with Miss Annie Blunt DeRosset; Mr. James H. Cowan with Miss Nash, of Portsmouth; Mr. W. W. Vick with Miss Annie Lee; Mr. George Pescau with Miss Mamie Clark, of Tarboro; Mr. John Powers with Miss Lizzie Peck; Mr. Eckles, of Richmond, with Mrs. E. P. Boatwright.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—2 barrels rosin.

W., C. & A. Railroad—27 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—21 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—2 bales cotton.

A. Culbreth's Flat—130 barrels rosin, 98 barrels tar.

Total—Cotton, 29 bales; spirits turpentine, 2 casks; rosin, 138 barrels; tar, 125 barrels.

A Deserved Promotion.

It is now Adjutant W. W. Vick, with rank of lieutenant, he having yesterday received a commission from Governor Russell appointing him to that office in the North Carolina Naval Reserves. The oath of office was administered by Justice of the Peace Martin Newman yesterday afternoon. Adjutant Vick was promoted from the office of ship's writer, which position he creditably filled during and since the Spanish-American war. It is a deserved promotion and the STAR congratulates Adjutant Vick.

Orion Lodge I. O. O. F.

At the regular meeting of Orion Lodge No. 67, I. O. O. F., held last night Mr. Fred. B. Rice was elected representative to the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, and Mr. W. J. Reeves was chosen as alternate. Mr. W. S. Warrock was recommended for appointment by the Grand Lodge to the office of District Deputy. As stated in yesterday's STAR, the Grand Lodge meeting will be held this year in Raleigh on the second Monday in May.

DAMAGE TO TRUCK FARMS.

Impossible As Yet to Make Definite Estimate of the Loss, But Growers Say It is Slight.

Truckers who were in the city from the country yesterday reported a heavy frost yesterday morning, and quite a number of early risers in the city also reported a like observation. The damage to the trucking interests, however, so the growers say, cannot as yet be definitely determined. Some are of the opinion that the strawberry crop is slightly if any damaged, while others contend that the crop will be off nearly twenty-five per cent.

A telephone message to the STAR from Mr. J. H. Westbrook, at Rocky Point, last night, says that damage to strawberries in that locality is variously estimated at from five to ten per cent.; garden peas have suffered most, though it is impossible to say how much; beans, which are scarcely up yet, are thought to be damaged very little, while Irish potatoes are safe, they in a majority of cases having been well covered.

Mr. Westbrook had several acres of strawberries uncovered, which apparently, he says, are injured no more than those well covered.

A correspondent of the STAR at Currie on the Atlantic and Yadkin, writing yesterday, stated that the truck crop in that section is damaged none whatever. There was no sleet or snow near Currie Tuesday and the prospects are bright for a large crop.

A SAD DEATH LAST NIGHT.

Miss Lura Cooper Passed Away at the Residence of Her Sister.

Miss Lura Cooper, of Kenansville, Duplin county, died last night about 8 o'clock at the residence of her sister, Mrs. W. J. Clemmons, in this city, after an illness of about one week with pneumonia.

Miss Cooper came to the city several weeks ago to visit relatives and while here, she was taken ill and rapidly grew worse, the dreaded disease finally culminating in her sad death last night.

She leaves a brother, Mr. J. B. Cooper and two sisters, Mrs. W. J. Clemmons and Mrs. W. R. Morrison, all of this city, to whom the sympathy of a wide circle of friends will go out in the sad bereavement they are called upon to endure.

The remains will be taken on the 9:45 o'clock train this morning to Kenansville, where the funeral will be held and the interment made at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

An Interesting Circular.

Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, yesterday received several copies of a circular recently issued by the State Board of Health with regard to prevalence of smallpox in the State. The circular reviews the situation in this State and adjacent territory and suggests methods of detection and prevention of the disease with valuable suggestions as to the treatment, etc. They were signed by Dr. Richard H. Lewis, secretary to the board, and were conspicuously posted. Vaccination is strongly urged as a preventative.

Adjudged Insane.

A negro, Emanuel Pridgen, living in the southern part of the city was yesterday morning declared insane and a fit subject for the hospital for the colored at Goldsboro, by a commission of inquiry composed of Col. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court and Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health. He was committed to the charge of relatives pending arrangements for his admission into the institution named.

City Prisoner Escaped.

Richard Byrd, colored, who has been serving a sentence of twenty days on the streets, made his escape yesterday afternoon. The force was engaged at work near corner of Seventh and Mulberry streets, when Byrd, who was cutting a tree, threw down his axe and ran. He has been on the force of street laborers from the Mayor's court only a few days, but the police are certain of his capture.

DIED.

SMITH—On Wednesday, April 5th, HERBERT GORDON, infant son of G. Herbert and Carrie Strange Smith, aged three months.

Funeral services will be held from St. James' Church, this (Thursday) morning at 11 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

20c
Ask any Good Housekeeper
WHAT THEY KNOW ABOUT
Corneau's Bed Bug Interceptic
And they will tell you just what we have been telling you for years THAT IT IS THE BEST THING of its Kind they ever used.
20c
JAS. D. NUTT, Druggist.
apr 6 tf

PROPOSALS INVITED.
Proposals for furnishing Uniforms for the Police force will be received up to 12 o'clock noon of 12th inst. Sealed bids accompanied with samples of material must be left at the office of City Clerk and Treasurer. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved. Uniforms must be delivered within thirty days after award of contract.
Specifications.
Coat—Single-breasted sack coat, dark navy blue flannel, (Middlesex or of equal quality), with rolling collar, to button high in neck, cut square at bottom, in length one inch below crotch, with eyelet holes for five large service buttons.
Waistcoat and Trousers—Same material; waistcoat without collar, to have eyelet holes for seven small service buttons.
Bids for buttons not invited.
J. A. TAYLOR,
apr 6 1t Chairman Police Committee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SEE THE
Special Bargains
AT
JOHNSON'S
THIS WEEK.
EVERY DAY
New Ones Will Be Offered.
No. 111 Market Street
ma 19 tf

Smoking Hot.
ALL THE DRUGGISTS SELL
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE HOTELS SELL
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE GROCERS SELL
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE SALOONS SELL
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
EVERYBODY TELLS YOU THEY SMOKE
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
A "testing of the pudding is chewing the bag." SO SMOKE
Cuban Blossom Cigars.
A strictly "Gentleman's Smoke." Try 'em.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
apr 2 tf Sole Distributing Agents.

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.
We have just received a large and select stock, which we offer to the trade at close figures: Flour, Salt, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, Bacon, Lard, Soaps, Meal, Rice, Bagging, Ties, Nails, Oysters, Peaches, Cakes, Cheese, Corn Beef, Baking Powders, Teas, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Tomatoes, etc. In fact,
Everything kept in a First-class Grocery Store.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
WILLIAMS BROS.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.
fe 18 tf

HOOP IRON.
350 BUNDLES HOOP IRON.
50 BARRELS GLUE.
10 BARRELS BUNGS.
25 BALES BATTING.
100 BUNDLES RIVETS.
475 BALES HAY.
720 BUSHELS MEAL.
940 BUSHELS CORN.
430 BUSHELS OATS.
140 BAGS COFFEE.
100 BOXES QUININE.
75 BOXES PEPPER.
W. B. COOPER,
apr 2 tf Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C

Few days Only at the Unlucky Corner
BEST ROASTED LAGUYRA COFFEE
19c per pound.
FOUR CAKES NICE TOILET SOAP
For 15c.
Either or both to one customer, but quantity limited. So hurry if you want to GET THERE.
FRESH GINGER SNAPS
5c per pound.
S. W. SANDERS.
apr 1 tf

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture, Furniture Novelties
No. 17 S. Front St.
I have some goods for which there is not much demand during the Summer, and rather than carry them over will sell at any Price.
While you are looking at these Bargains interview me on "SUMMER FURNISHINGS."
To accommodate those who cannot visit my store during the usual business hours, I will keep open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 o'clock P. M., and Saturdays till 10 P. M
ma 28 tf

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1899.

MR. STRICKER'S OBJECT LESSON.

Mr. Chas. M. Stricker, of Chicago, is a gentleman who apparently keeps up on the Trusts, although that isn't an easy thing to do these days, considering the number of them and the large fresh batches that are turned out every week. He also has some conception of the extent to which the denizen of this country is in the hands of the Trusts and how he pays tribute to them, sleeping or waking, walking or standing still, living or dead. To give his esteemed fellow-citizens who have not thought seriously upon it an idea of how they as well as he are victimized by the Trusts he has issued a card for circulation upon which is printed the following:

I sleep in a bedstead made by $12,000,000 trust.

I put on my underwear made by $30,000,000 trust.

I put on my pants, thread made by $300,000,000 trust.

I wear the shirt made by $100,000,000 trust.

I wear shoes of leather made by $125,000,000 trust.

I walk on carpets made by $10,000,000 trust.

I wear the collars made by $8,000,000 trust.

I wear the socks made by $30,000,000 trust.

I use the matches made by $20,000,000 trust.

I light the gas made by $11,000,000 trust.

I eat oatmeal with a spoon made by $50,000,000 trust.

I eat oatmeal made by $3,400,000 trust.

I use sugar in my coffee made by $40,000,000 trust.

I use milk in my coffee handled by $10,000,000 trust.

I eat the cracker made by $55,000,000 trust.

I eat bread of flour made by $150,000.000 trust.

I eat meat that is made by $50,000,000 trust.

I use wall paper in the house made by $50,000,000 trust.

I wear rubber shoes made by $50,000,000 trust.

I want my casket from lumber made by $20,000,000 trust.

I want them to use ice when dead made by $117,000,000 trust.

I want my casket made when dead by $18,000,000 trust.

I want my headstone of marble made by $20,000,000.

I write this on paper made by $40,000,000 trust.

This is a pretty impressive and formidable array, but it is only a couple dozen out of the 350 odd Trusts that had been organized before the end of March. He might, if he had cared to make his card as large as a barn door or a bed cover, have enumerated quite an extended addition to these twenty-five to which he and all other people of this country pay tribute directly or indirectly. But those he enumerates will suffice to give the average person some idea of how the Trusts have reached out and covered the field.

We do not know what Mr. Stricker's calling is, but we assume that he is in somewhat comfortable circumstances and can therefore stand the squeeze of the Trusts without feeling it very seriously, much less so than many thousands of his fellow citizens who are in less comfortable circumstances do. A slight advance in the cost of the necessaries of life may not give the person who has a comfortable income or has steady employment and good wages much concern but every penny added to the cost of the necessaries of life, whether it be on food, clothing, or necessary furniture, etc., makes considerable in the aggregate in the course of the year for the toiler who has a family dependent upon his daily labor. The immense profits of the Trusts arising from these small increases in prices make millions for them and these millions come out of the pockets of the American people, each contributing his portion to make the grand aggregate.

But the tribute that Mr. Stricker and other consumers of Trust goods pay the Trusts is not the worst feature of the Trust monstrosity. Although this might be, and to many doubtless is a hardship, they might stand it if the Trust didn't cut both ways, for having a monopoly on labor, as it has on the products it controls, it enforces idleness by employing less labor and thereby reduces the capacity of the wage earners to buy the things they need and to pay the prices the Trusts demand. It doesn't matter to the man who has not the money to buy whether an article is dear or cheap. If it costs but ten cents he must do without it if he hasn't the ten cents.

Trusts may possibly, now that they are just starting out on a grand scale, pay liberal wages, but this they can afford to do after they have closed up establishments here and there and only operate those located at central points. Then, although possibly paying slight increase of wages in some lines, they are paying less wages in the aggregate than were paid in the same lines before because a smaller number of people are employed, and a greater number forced into idleness or to seek employment in some other way.

Next will come the farmer, the cotton grower, the wool producer, and others, each and all of whom will be at the mercy of the Trusts when they become thoroughly organized. This means that about 12,000,000 of the people engaged in rural industries will find the products of their labor controlled by the Trusts which will eventually command both the labor market and the market for the commodities of labor. This is what the Trustocracy will bring us unless it is checked before it attains its full growth and strength. The tendency is to enlargement to mighty proportions and power until each Trust has command of sufficient millions to become absolute in its sphere, and formidable enough to defy and deter competition or opposition.

This means practically reducing the people to two classes, those composing the Trusts and those controlled by the Trusts—a Trustocracy in the place of a Democracy, with the people on the bottom instead of on the top. Even before that day comes, if it does come, the Trusts will be such complete masters of the field, and dictators, that Congresses and Legislatures will be mere tools in their hands to enact the legislation which they desire or to defeat the legislation to which they are opposed. As they already own much, they will own most of the best legal talent of the country, and with this they will find ways and means to own judges and hold courts in their grasp.

The strides with which they are moving now, the rapidity with which they are moving, the boldness with which they act, and the mighty proportions which they are assuming, make this a serious question and force the issue on the people whether they or the Trustocracy shall be supreme.

SMALL CANNERIES.

The Savannah *News* is making a commendable effort to create an interest in fruit and vegetable canneries in Georgia. It calls attention to the fact that about all of the stock on hand last year has been exhausted; the requirements for the army causing a largely increased demand for canned vegetables. It also calls attention to the fact that there is annually grown in that State a large surplus of fruits and vegetables, which goes to waste, unless it be fed to the hogs. In the fruit growing section of that State considerable attention has been given to the canning of fruit, in the shipping of which there is too little or no profit. We clip the following from an editorial in a recent issue:

"The domestic consumption of canned goods by families, hotels and restaurants has been considerably increased during the past few years. Many housewives who formerly canned their own corn, tomatoes, berries, beans, and the like, now purchase them from the family grocer. They find it cheaper to do so than to do the work themselves; still, the prices which they pay for their canned goods are sufficient to leave a neat margin of profit for the canner who goes regularly into the business and practices economy. It is predicted that the output of canned goods at Baltimore will this year be the largest on record.

"All of this should be interesting information to the truck and fruit growers of Georgia. There is raised in this State every year a considerable quantity of truck and fruit which never reaches market, for various reasons. At present these products are practically, if not actually, wasted. With small canning plants scattered about through the truck and fruit sections, that which now goes to waste could be saved and turned into money. Take the one item of tomatoes: It is probable that ten thousand crates of tomatoes go to wasted every year in South Georgia and Florida because they cannot be marketed promptly in their natural state. If there were canneries handy, pretty nearly all of them could be saved. And the same is true respecting pears, peaches, peas, beans and other products.

"Small canning plants, capable of doing as good work as even the largest plant, cost comparatively little money. For a few hundred dollars a plant can be established. Half a dozen producers in a neighborhood can club together and start a canning factory, without either of them feeling the outlay. The time is propitious for a boom in the canning industry in Georgia and Florida."

All of this that applies to Georgia and Florida applies with equal force to North Carolina, and especially to Eastern North Carolina, where small-fruit growing and trucking are carried on so largely.

The cost of an outfit being small, the clubbing together of neighbors to establish canneries is a good suggestion.

BY WHOSE AUTHORITY?

The presumption is that the Commission now in the Philippines is speaking by authority of the President, but it says as much in its opening of the proclamation where it goes on to say what the President believes, in pursuance of which belief it prases its proclamation. It tells the Filipinos what will be done, embracing the programme in eleven articles, the first of which declares that "the supremacy of the United States must and will be enforced throughout every part of the Archipelago."

This is the very point of contention. It is the supremacy of the United States that the Filipinos are objecting to, and fighting against, so that before peace can come they must concede the very point at issue. A great many promises are made to them, all conditional on their acquiescence in the "supremacy of the United States;" much is promised, in fact a very alluring programme is marked out with much of which the Government of the United States will and can have nothing to do, such as developing the resources, building schools, railroads, etc. The schools both primary and of higher grades must be left to the local governments, and the railroads, and other roads to private enterprise, and to the communities interested.

As we see it this commission promises too much and its proclamation is a substantial contradiction of the President's declaration at Boston and afterwards at Thomasville that the administration had no policy as to the Philippines. In the face of that this commission speaking for the President maps out an elaborate programme that had evidently been prepared with much thought and cleverness, and the gentlemen deserve much credit for their cleverness. But substantially it all amounts to this: "We have decided to take you in whether you like it or not, and do a great deal more for you than you could ever do for yourselves. You had therefore better swallow whatever aspirations to independence you may have, and come in submissively for if you don't we'll thrash the obstinacy out of you and make you come in." Paternalism backed up by powder, shot and bayonets. But Mr. McKinley's administration, forsooth, had no Philippine policy.

BETTER THAN COTTON.

The farmers of Cumberland county are showing level heads in giving more attention to diversified farming and less to cotton. It seems that some of them have also been successfully experimenting with new crops for that section, as we learn from the following clipped from the Fayetteville *Observer*:

"In a conversation this morning with one of the most extensive and best posted farmers in Cumberland county, we learn that our farmers are diversifying their crops more than we expected. Besides tobacco, a number are planting rice and Ribbon cane (Louisiana sugar cane).

"A number of the 'over the river' farmers have been raising rice for many years and it has proven so profitable that several of the 71st planters are going to try small patches of rice this year. Forty bushels can be raised on an acre, and will fetch from 80 cents to $1.00 per bushel. Several new rice mills will be established and every facility can be had for cleaning the rough grain. The time for planting is from April 10th to the 20th.

"The ribbon cane is imported in the stalk from Louisiana and transplanted like fruit trees. It will yield eight barrels of syrup to the acre. The gentleman above spoken of tells us that these crops can be successfully raised in Cumberland county, far more so than cotton at 5½ and 6 cents."

Upland rice is being pretty extensively cultivated in this State now, and the success with which it has met will doubtless result in extending the cultivation. There is no danger of overstocking that market.

The cultivation of the Louisiana sugar cane seems to be a new thing, but as the Chinese cane has been long and somewhat extensively cultivated in some parts of the State we see no reason why the Louisiana cane should not succeed as well, while its yield is much better.

There are a great many things that might be successfully and profitably grown in North Carolina if attention were turned in that direction, things, too, for which there is always a demand and a paying market.

BOOK NOTICES.

The general, but especially the young reader will enjoy the April number of *Harper's Round Table*, which is filled with interesting articles and stories, complete and continued, nicely illustrated. Published by Harper and Brothers, New York.

McClure's Magazine for April is a charming number, filled with choice reading matter and handsomely illustrated. Among other interesting papers is a continuation of Captain Mahan's "War on the Sea and Its Lesson," and one on the "War Kite," illustrated. Published by the S. S. McClure Co., 141-155 East Twenty-fifth street, New York.

The reader will find a good list of solid articles in the April number of *The North American Review*. Bishop Potter discusses national Bigness or Greatness, between which he draws a very proper distinction, and Robt. P. Porter gives his views on "the Future of Cuba," in which he hints very strongly at annexation. Mr. Porter was President McKinley's commissioner to see Gen. Gomez. Address North American Review, No. 11 Warren street, New York.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHITE SUPREMACY.

HOW TO MAKE IT PERMANENT

Text of the Constitutional Amendment to be Voted On in August, 1900.

Section 1. That Article VI of the Constitution of North Carolina be, and the same is hereby abrogated, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following Article of said Constitution:

ARTICLE VI.

SUFFRAGE AND ELIGIBILITY TO OFFICE—QUALIFICATIONS OF AN ELECTOR.

Section 1. Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, twenty-one years of age, and possessing the qualifications set out in this Article, shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people in the State except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec 2. He shall have resided in the State of North Carolina for two years, in the county six months, and in the precinct, ward or other election district in which he offers to vote, four months next preceding the election: *Provided*, That removal from one precinct, ward or other election district to another in the same county, shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in the precinct, ward or other election district from which he has removed, until four months after such removal. No person who has been convicted, or who has confessed his guilt in open court upon indictment, of any crime, the punishment of which now is, or may hereafter be, imprisonment in the State Prison, shall be permitted to vote, unless the said prisoner shall be first restored to citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 3. Every person offering to vote shall be at the time a legally registered voter as herein prescribed and in the manner hereinafter provided by law, and the General Assembly of North Carolina shall enact general registration laws to carry into effect the provisions of this Article

Sec. 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language; and, before he shall be entitled to vote, have paid, on or before the first day of March of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax as prescribed by law, for the previous year. Poll taxes shall be a lien only on assessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same, except against assessed property.

Sec. 5. No male person who was, on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person, shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this Article: *Provided*, He shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to December 1, 1908. The General Assembly shall provide for a permanent record of all persons who register under this section on or before November 1, 1908, and all such persons shall be entitled to register and vote at all elections by the people in this State, unless disqualified under section 2 of this Article: *Provided*, Such persons shall have paid their poll tax as required by law.

Sec. 6. All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be *viva voce*.

Sec. 7. Every voter in North Carolina, except as in this Article disqualified, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I, ..., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States, and the Constitution and laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as .... So help me God."

Sec. 8. The following classes of persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God. Second, all persons who shall have been convicted or confessed their guilt on indictment pending, and whether sentenced or not, or under judgment suspended, of any treason or felony, or any other crime for which the punishment may be imprisonment in the penitentiary, since becoming citizens of the United States, of corruption and malpractice in office, unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a manner prescribed by law.

Sec. 9 This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

SOME QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS EXPLANATORY OF THE AMENDMENT.

1. *Question*. If the amendment is adopted, will the negro be allowed to vote?

Answer. Only such negroes will be allowed to vote as can read and write, or such as are descended from those negroes who could vote prior to the Constitution of 1835, or who have come from States where negroes could vote before 1867.

2. *Q*. Will the amendment disfranchise the uneducated whites?

A. Certainly not. Under it, any white man who could vote at any time before 1867, or whose ancestors (that is, his father, grandfather, great-grandfather, etc.,) could vote at any time before 1867, can register—whether he can read and write or not—any time before 1908, and will always thereafter be entitled to vote. This lets in every white man and Croatan, however lacking in education, who has not been convicted of an infamous crime.

3. *Q*. Why this difference between the white man and negro?

A. Why bless your soul, it is a matter of natural understanding and capacity. The white man has more sense and capacity than the negro, and inherently understands the duties and responsibilities of suffrage and citizenship better than the negro; and the Democratic party holds that the uneducated white man can be trusted to cast a more intelligent vote than an educated negro. That is what white Democrats believe, whether white Republicans believe it or not.

4. Q Will white men who are registered before 1908 have to be able to read and write to vote after that time?

A. No. Every white man who registers under the grandfather clause of the amendment before 1908, will be placed on the "permanent roll;" and will forever thereafter be entitled to vote, although he may never know a letter in the books.

5. Q. Has this amendment been adopted and tried anywhere else?

A. Yes. It is the law of the State of Louisiana to-day.

6. Q. How has the law worked in Louisiana?

A. Splendidly. The white people there are delighted with it. It has solved the negro problem there and establishad white supremacy permanently.

7. Q. Has any election been held under it in Louisana?

A. Yes. The last State and National election in that State was held under it.

8. Q. Did the negroes in Louisana register under it?

A. Not many.

9. Q. Did the uneducated whites register under it?

A. Yes. Both the *educated* and *uneducated whites registered under the grandfather clause*, and were placed on the permanent roll, and will not have to register again in order to vote.

10. *Q*. Did the Republicans of Louisana claim the law was unconstitutional?

A. Yes. They tried to fool and scare the people there, just as they are doing here, by telling them before the election that the amendent was unconstitutional, and threatened the people wilh the United States Court, but the people paid no attention to them—as they will not here—and when the amendment was adopted there, nothing more was heard of the cry about the amendment's being unconstitutional.

11. *Q*. You say an election has been held in Louisiana under the amendment?

A. Yes Both State and Congressional elections.

12. *Q*. And the Republicans did not take it into court?

A. Why, dear me, no. They knew the law was all right, and that it had been investigated by the greatest lawyers in the State and pronounced sound and good. Why the Louisiana amendment—which is practically the same as ours—was prepared under the direction of Judges Foster and Semmes, two of the greatest lawyers not only in Lousiana, but in the whole South.

13. *Q*. Has the constitutionality of the amendment been thoroughly investigated by our North Carolina lawyers?

A. Yes. Thoroughly, fully and exhaustively. It was submitted by the Legislature to a select committee of the ablest lawyers in that body. Some of these lawyers had been studying it for weeks and months before the Legislature met. They had examined all the authorities and read all the books, and they agreed it was constitutionally sound. It was finally prepared under their direction by George Rountree—recognized by the bar and bench of the whole State as one of the soundest and greatest lawyers in the State. Finally there were about fifty lawyers—many of them the best in the State—in the Legislature, and every one of them voted for the amendment, and by that vote expressed their opinion under oath that it was constitutional; for a member of the Legislature is under the obligation of an oath not to vote for anything he believes to be unconstitutional.

14. *Q*. Who says the act is unconstitutional?

A. Well, Hon. Jeter Pritchard says so; but he said there was no negro demonstration in Wilmington before the election and before the revolution hurled them from power and drove their white allies into enforced exile.

15. *Q* If Mr. Pritchard and the Republicans think the amendment is unconstitutional, why do they trouble themselves about it, for everybody knows an unconstitutional law is no law at all, and can neither hurt nor help anyone.

A. They are merely playing politics They hope by misrepresentation to fool the people and get back into power. They have not yet learned that they cannot fool all the people all the time.

16. *Q*. Will the amendment be adopted?

A. Yes By an overwhelming majority. The white people are determined to make white supremacy permanent in North Carolina.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Statesville *Landmark*: Mr. Jas. Barnard, of Nicholson's Mills, in Eagle Mills township, lost his mind last week and on Thursday attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with an axe.

— Concord *Standard:* A homicide occurred at Azalea siding, a few miles east of Ashville on last Sunday. There was bad feeling between Geo. Crawford and Gilbert Drum. Drum renewed the trouble under the influence of liquor and advanced on Crawford with a knife drawn. The latter retreated some 20 paces, warning Drum to desist. Crawford then drew a pistol and with one shot killed Drum. Crawford has been arrested.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The town of Snow Hill, the capital of Greene county, suffered a big fire on Sunday morning. The grocery store of Mr. J. B. McGowan and the saloon of Mr. J. J. Potter, both of which were in the same building, were burned, together with the saloon of Mr. J. F. Harper, which was in an adjoining building. The total loss is estimated at $3,000, only partially covered by insurance.

— Greenville *Reflector:* Mr. Robert Staton keeps a barroom at Bethel, Mr. W. C. Nelson was a clerk in this barroom, and he also owned a pool table which was in connection with the saloon. Mr. W. N. M. Hammond was one of the Saturday night patrons of the establishment. After being there sometime he and Nelson got into a dispute about a small amount that Hammond owed for the use of the pool table. In the dispute Hammond struck at Nelson with a beer bottle and Nelson shot at him with a pistol. This was followed by a fusillade of beer bottles from one side and of pistol shots from the other, and when the smoke cleared away Hammond lay dead upon the floor and Nelson's skull was fractured.

— After Patrick Henry—"Give me liberty," howled the Filpino, as he brandished his bow and arrow, "or give me death." "Acting under instructions from my government," replied the American trooper, turning the crank of his Gatling, "I will endeavor to give you both."—*Life.*

NASAL CATARRH quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large, for 50 cents, is mailed by Ely's Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it. A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is drying or exciting to the diseased membrane should not be used. Cream Balm is recognized as a specific. †

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Georgia will soon have several new cotton mills. More cotton mills and less cotton would be a great thing for the old State.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— The phrase "habitual revolutionists" comes to us now in the Manila happy expression! It indicates exactly what we have on hand in the Philippines—an "habitual revolution."—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Now that the war with Spain is well over, the announcement is made that the Pension Bureau is busily engaged in returning to the rolls the names of pensioners who enlisted in that war. The army surgeon found these men sound enough for military service; the medical examining boards of the Pension Bureau find it an easy matter to restore them to the pension list as invalids. And there you are!—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— By way of answering Senator Hoar's objections to the war being waged on the Filipinos the buccaneer press cites the fact that Senator Hoar's ancestors made conquest of the State of Massachusetts and other States. Why not repeat the story of Cain and Abel—or any other old story—to justify the slaughter of the Filipinos? One will do as well as another, and any will prove that any man who objects to an unholy war had a pirate for an ancestor ten generations removed, and therefore he had best hold his tongue.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

APPOINTMENTS

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

April 9, Sunday 1st after Easter, M. P., Christ Church, Rockfish.

April 9, Sunday 1st after Easter, E. P., S. Andrew's, Flea Hill.

April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, M. P., Christ Church.

April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, E. P., S. Cyprian's, Newbern.

April 17, Monday, S. Thomas', Craven Co

April 18, Tuesday, S. Paul's, Vanceboro.

April 19, Wednesday, E. P., Stonewall.

April 20, Thursday, Com., Stonewall.

April 21, Friday, Grace Church, Trenton.

April 25, Sunday 3rd after Easter, M. P., S. John's, Wilmington.

April 23, Sunday 3rd after Easter, E. P., Good Shepherd, Wilmington.

April 30, Sunday 4th after Easter, M. P., S. James', Wilmington.

May 7, Sunday 5th after Easter, Lake Waccamaw.

A LOCAL and CLIMATIC DISEASE

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it.

Get a well-known specific,

Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly Absorbed. Gives relief at once.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine. No Mercury. No Injurious drug. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10c by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.
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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ⅌ lb	12	@	12½
Sides ⅌ lb		@	8
Shoulders ⅌ lb	6¼	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ⅌ lb	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ⅌ lb	6	@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ⅌ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ⅌ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ⅌ lb	12	@	15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	53
Virginia Meal	52	@	55
COTTON TIES—⅌ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—⅌ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—⅌ lb—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11½
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—⅌ lb—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ⅌ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ⅌ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—⅌ dozen	9	@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ⅌ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ⅌ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ⅌ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ⅌ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ⅌ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ⅌ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ⅌ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ⅌ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—⅌ lb—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—⅌ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—⅌ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES—⅌ lb—			
Green salted		@	6¼
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ⅌ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	50	@	75
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ⅌ lb	1¾	@	1⅞
LARD, ⅌ lb—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ⅌ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ⅌ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned.	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ⅌ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads.	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ⅌ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ⅌ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE ⅌ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ⅌ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ⅌ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ⅌ lb—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	5⅞
Standard A		@	5⅝
White Extra C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ⅌ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ⅌ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ⅌ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
⅌ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 00
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ⅌ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ⅌ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL per lb—Unwashed	10	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE. — No stock.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for strained and $1.00 for good strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for hard, dip and virgin, nothing doing.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, steady at 27, 27½c; rosin, nothing doing; tar quiet, 90 cents; crude turpentine, nothing doing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	2
Rosin	138
Tar	125
Crude turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year.—14 casks spirits turpentine, 633 bbls rosin, 123 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Nothing doing.

Receipts—29 bales; same day last year, 187.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 55 to 60c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm; 45 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 9 to 10c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Money on call was strong at 6@16 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486½@486¾ for demand and 484¼@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 487@487½. Commercial bills 483@483½. Silver certificates 60@60½. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds weak. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds irregular: U. S. 3's, 107⅞; U. S. new 4's, registered, 129¼@129¾; do. coupon, 129¼@129¾; U. S. 4's 112¼@112¾; do. coupon, 113@114; do. 2's 99½; U. S. 5's, registered, 113@113¾; do. 5's, coupon, 113¾; N. C. 6's 130; do 4's, 108; Southern Railway 5's 108½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 71; Chesapeake & Ohio 27⅛; Manhattan L 124; N. Y. Central 141⅜; Reading 24¼; do. 1st preferred 66⅛; St. Paul 128½; do. preferred 170½; Southern Railway 12⅝; do. preferred 51; American Tobacco 224; do. preferred 142; People's Gas 126½; Sugar 166½; do. preferred 116⅛; T. C. & Iron 59; U. S. Leather 7⅛; do. preferred 76½; Western Union 94½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 42½@43c.

CHARLESTON, April 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 39c; no sales. Rosin steady and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, April 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 39c; sales 473 casks; receipts 351 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales; receipts 1,015 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of one to two points, but for the rest of the forenoon and the greater part of the afternoon showed insignificant further variations, with business quite of an evening-up character and small at that. The feature of operations was the buying of May and August contracts by Liverpool and continental representatives, who subsequently sold the new crop positions. Local longs, notably Wall street houses, supplied cotton wanted for near-by delivery and took a fresh hold in the more distant months, these latter purchases being Chiefly in October and January. Scalpers were indifferent and took practically no part in the day's doings in that pit. The closing was quiet and steady with prices one point higher to two net lower. Considering our softness of yesterday, initial. English news was of marked bullish tenor, but as a counter balance to this factor were reports from Southern spot markets to the effect that offerings were quite urgent even at a shade lower prices with demand meagre except for high grade staples. The weather was about a standoff.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 3 16c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; April 5.76, May 5.81c, June 5.86c, July 5.91c, August 5.91c, September 5 87c, October 5.92c, November 5.93c, December 5.96c; January 6.00c; February 6.03.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6 3-16c; middling gulf 6 7 16c; sales 300 bales.

Net receipts 380 bales; gross receipts 2,627 bales; sales 300 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,101 bales; exports to the Continent 410 bales; stock 149,562 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,477 bales; exports to Great Britain 19,951 bales; exports to France 1,200 bales; exports to the Continent 6,410 bales; stock 777,057 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 47,286 bales; exports to Great Britain 21,089 bales; exports to France 7,860 bales; exports to the Continent 8,951 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,632,255 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,148,608 bales; exports to France 664,792 bales; exports to the Continent 2,366,164 bales.

April 5.—Galveston, easy at 5 15-16c, net receipts 2,438 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 6c, net receipts 81 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6 3-16c, net receipts 836 bales; Wilmington, nothing doing, 6c, net receipts 29 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 7-16c, net receipts 77 bales; Savannah, easy at 5 11 16c, net receipts 984 bales; New Orleans, quiet and steady at 5 11-16c, net receipts 7,161 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5⅝c, net receipts 234 bales; Memphis, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 1,773 bales; Augusta, very dull at 6 3-16c, net receipts 66 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5⅝c, net receipts 37 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 5.—Flour was more active and held higher on the advance in wheat; Minnesota patents $3 95@4 20. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 82¼c; options opened steady on cables; they declined later under liquidation and fine Western, but experienced an afternoon recovery on a bad scare of shorts attended by export rumors and unfavorable Kansas crop news; closed strong at 1@1⅛c net advance, the sales including No. 2 red May closed 77⅛c; July closed 76⅛c; September closed 74⅝c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 42@43⅛c; options opened steady on cable news, weakened under liquidation, but finally recovered on the late jump in wheat, and closed ⅛@⅜c net higher and strong; May closed 39⅞c; July closed 40⅛c. Oats—Spot quiet; No. 2, 33@33⅛c; options dull but firm. Lard firm; Western steam closed $5 55@5 60; April $5 52½, nominal; refined lard firm. Pork quiet. Butter steady; Western creamery 16@21⅛c; do. factory 12@14⅛c; Elgins 21⅛c; imitation creamery 13⅜@18⅛c; State dairy 14½@20. Cheese steady; large white 12@12⅛c. Petroleum dull. Potatoes quiet; New York $1 50@2 50; Long Island $2 00@2 50; Jersey sweets $2 00@3 50. Cotton seed oil—prime summer yellow 26. Rice steady. Cabbage quiet; domestic $4 00@10 00 per 100. Coffee—Spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7 invoice 6⅛c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅝c; mild quiet and steady; Cordova 8@14c. Sugar—Raw strong and tending upward; fair refining 3 15-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅛c; molasses sugar 3 13-16c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Heavy covering by wheat shorts to-day on sensational bad crop report caused a jump of 2½c a bushel in prices. At the close May showed a net advance of 1 to 1¼c. Corn was dragged up reluctantly by the buoyancy of wheat, recovering from a ⅛c loss to ¼c gain. Oats improved ⅛@¼c. Provisions advanced 15c and lard and ribs 5c each.

CHICAGO, April 5.—Cash quotations: Flour dull; unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 69@70⅛c; No. 3 spring 64@70c; No. 2 red 72⅛c. Corn—No. 2 34@34⅛c. Oats—No. 2, 27c; No. 2 white, free on board, 29½@30¼c; No. 3 white 28¼@29¼c. Pork, per bbl, $9 15@9 20. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 22½@5 25. Short rib sides, loose, $4 50@4 90. Dry salted shoulders, $4 37½@4 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 00@5 10. Whiskey—Distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 26.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2, May 72⅛@72¼, 73⅛, 70⅞, 73c; July 72⅛@72¼, 73, 70⅞, 72⅝c. Corn—May 34⅛@34⅞, 35@35⅛, 34¼, 35c; July 35¼@35½, 35¾, 34⅞, 35⅝@35¾c; September 36@36¼, 36¼@36⅜, 35⅝, 36¼c. Oats—No. 2 May 26⅛, 26¼, 26⅛, 26⅝@26¾; July 25⅝, 25⅞@26, 25¼, 25⅞. Pork, per barrel—May $9 12½, 9 25, 9 07½, 9 25; July $9 25, 9 40, 9 20, 9 37½. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $5 27½, 5 32½, 5 25, 5 30; July $5 40, 5 45, 5 40, 5 45; September $5 55, 5 65, 5 52½, 5 60. Ribs, per 100 lbs, May $4 75, 480, 4 72½, 4 80; July $4 87½, 4 92½, 4 85, 4 92½; September $5 00, 5 05, 4 97½, 5 05.

BALTIMORE, April 5.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat unsettled, —No 2 red spot and month, 75⅛@76c; May 76¼ June 75c; July 75c asked. Southern wheat by sample 70@76¾c. Corn very firm; mixed, spot and month, 38¼@38⅜c, May 38½@38⅝c; June 39@39¼c. Southern white corn 41@41¼c. Oats dull, No. 2 white 35@35½c. Lettuce, $1.75@2.25.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, April 5, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in fair demand, prices easier; American middling 3⅛d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export and included 9,900 bales American. Receipts since last report 11,000 bales, including 9,200 bales American.

Futures opened quiet with a moderate demand and closed quiet at the advance, American middling (l. m. c.); April 3 19 64d buyer; April and May 3 19 64d buyers; May and June 3 19-64@3 20-64d seller; June and July 3 19-64@2 20-64d buyer; July and August 3 19-64@3 20-64d buyer; August and September 3 19-64@3 20-64d seller; September and October 3 19-64d buyer; October and November 3 18 64 @3 19-64d buyer; November and December 3 18 64@3 19-64d seller; December and January 3 18 64 @ 3 19-65d seller; January and February 3 18-64@3 19-64d seller; February and March, 3 19 64d seller.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 6, 1899.

SCHOONERS.

Chas H Sprague, 266 tons, McRitchie, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Edna & Emma, 175 tons, Richardson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Thos E Pollard (Br), 732 tons, Jarman, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Florance A, 147 tons, Strout, Geo Harris, Son & Co.

Gem, 489 tons, Foss, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Chas D Hall, 375 tons, Lowe, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 277 tons, Small, J T Riley & Co.

Wm T Parker, Lynch, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Greenwood (Br) 1,253 tons, Mehegen, E Peschau & Co.

Venetia (Br) 2,333 tons, MacDougal, Heide & Co.

BARQUES.

Burkley, 610 tons, Bonneau, Gavassa Guano Co.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NEWS AND OPINIONS

of

National Importance.

THE SUN

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - $6 a year

Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD,

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN, New York.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?
WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement. The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

A Shoe With a Mission!

THE "JENNESS MILLER" Hygienic Shoes for women have a mission!

They mark the ending of the "narrow-toe" shoe era! They are as perfect-fitting as a glove and as comfortable as an old shoe! They cure corns, bunions and are a boon to tender feet. With all these they have other good points.

They are graceful and stylish. We control the "Jenness Miller" Shoes for this city. No other dealer has them or their equal.

Price $3.50.

MERCER & EVANS.

115 Princess street.

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DIALECT.

Critics, pray do not reject
What is writ in dialect,
For the common people's thought
Should in common speech be wrought,
And the crude but pungent word
Should be written as it's heard.
Wise or foolish, if 'tis true,
That should be enough for you!
With man's speech is something blent
Caught from his environment—
Strong, rebellious and the schools
Only scotch it with their rules.
Man may fashion a disguise
Baffling to his neighbors' eyes,
But upon his tongue will be
Stamped his true identity.
Therefore, critics, pray reject
Nothing writ in dialect
Which in story or in rhyme
Is a record of the time,
Vital, fresh and fit to be
Found in honest company.
—Meredith Nicholson in New York Sun.

WHEN NAPOLEON WALKED.

An Incident of the Memorable Retreat From Moscow.

It was on Nov. 25, at about 7 o'clock in the morning, when we saw the head of the column. The first we saw were generals, a few of whom were on horseback, but the majority on foot. The latter painfully dragged themselves along, almost all having their feet frozen and bound up in rags and pieces of sheepskin and dying of hunger. We then saw what was left of the cavalry of the guard. The emperor came next on foot, with a stick in his hand. He was muffled up in a large capote lined with fur and wore on his head an amaranthine velvet cap edged with black foxskin. On his right marched, also on foot, King Murat; on his left, Prince Eugene, viceroy of Italy; then Marshals Berthier, prince of Neufchatel; Ney, Mortier, Lefebvre and other marshals and generals, whose corps had been partly destroyed.

They were followed by 700 to 800 officers and subofficers, marching in order and bearing in the greatest silence the eagles of the regiments to which they had belonged and that had so often led them to victory. They were the remnant of over 60,000 men. My poor Picart, who had not seen the army for a month, gazed on silently, but his convulsive movements showed only too well what he felt. I saw big tears roll down the cheeks and fall on his mustache, from which icicles were hanging. Then, turning to me, "Really, compatriot, I do not know whether I am asleep or awake; I weep because I have seen our emperor marching on foot, a stick in his hand, he that was so great and who made us so proud!"—"Memoires of Sergent Bourgogne."

LEGEND OF THE ECHO

A QUAINT INDIAN STORY OF HOW IT ORIGINATED.

How the Red Skinned Dakota Huntsmen Accounted For the Mocking, Answering Voice That Grew Fainter and Fainter.

The whoop of the red skinned huntsmen was answered in ravines and canyons long ago, when the prairies of the west were dotted with buffalo herds, and when this broad country had no homes but wigwams, no people but Indians. The answering halloo grew fainter, and finally died away, leaving the hunters puzzled to account for it. They asked their chiefs, and this is the explanation as the generations of time have changed it.

Turtle Dove, who lived years ago in Bear's gulch, in the Black Hills of the Dakotas, had one little babe, a boy, whom she called Sage Cock, and a girl of 5 named Ohoteu. It was her custom when she daily gathered seeds in the valley to carry Sage Cock about on her back, as Indians do, but one day she grew so tired of her burden that she laid Sage Cock, who was fast asleep, under a sagebush and told Ohoteu to watch him. Turtle Dove went farther and farther down the gulch, and while she was away an old witch came hobbling up.

"Ohoteu, is the little boy your brother?" she asked. She knew without asking that it was Sage Cock, but Ohoteu, who had been taught that witches were more likely to carry off boys than girls, though frightened, answered quickly, "No, it is my sister." Then the witch, although bad enough herself, scolded the trembling little maiden for her lie and changed herself into so terrible a shape that Ohoteu was so frightened she could not interfere when the witch ran off with her little brother, taking him to her home on the side of a distant mountain.

This old witch was so ugly that no man would marry her. She had decided that her only course was to capture a husband, and this was her reason for wanting Sage Cock. When she reached her cave, she began transforming the baby into a full grown man. First she pulled at one limb, then another, until each was the size of a man's. Finally Sage Cock, of a man's size and with a man's strength, stood before her. She at last had a husband. But in spite of his size Sage Cock in his heart and brain was still a baby and apt to do the same foolish things a baby would do. The witch had to teach him to hunt and fish and to eat dried buffalo meat.

It was not long after the kidnaping of Sage Cock before Turtle Dove had all the seeds she could carry, and returning to the spot where she had left her children she met Ohoteu crying, and was told what had happened.

In great sorrow, the mother started immediately on the long, hopeless search for Sage Cock. Her brother, Eagle, because he was a great traveler, offered to aid her, and, by flying very swiftly and without rest, he visited a great deal of territory. But it was months before he spied the witch. He did not then know that the man with her was Sage Cock.

But when he told Turtle Dove of what he had seen she started at once with him for the witch's mountain, sure that if the man was her boy transformed by the wicked magic of the witch he would still recognize her voice. When the two finally reached the neighborhood where the witch had previously been seen Turtle Dove climbed into a tree and cried aloud most mournfully, while Eagle, from another tree, keenly watched the effect on Sage Cock, who immediately recognized the voice and cried repeatedly to the witch, "I hear my mother! I hear my mother!" But the witch only laughed and told him to hide in the stomach of a mountain sheep which was lying near, a trophy of the boy man's skill with the bow and arrow. Obedient, Sage Cock crawled into the sheep and the old witch followed him.

Turtle and Eagle were puzzled at the sudden disappearance of the two, but had no thought of investigating the interior workings of the dead mountain sheep. They wandered aimlessly about for several days, when Eagle decided that the missing pair, and particularly Sage Cock, who was half a baby, would soon be so hungry they would have to come out of their hiding for food. He killed a rabbit and hung it at the top of a small pine tree, peeled the tree of its bark and limbs that it might be next to impossible to climb it, and then from the branch of a great tamarack he watched developments.

It was but a few hours before the witch appeared, as Eagle had expected. And when she saw the rabbit, which was the nearest food at hand, she began awkwardly climbing the tree. So slow was she that Eagle, who had seen her emerge from the sheep, had time to pull Sage Cock out of the sheep's paunch and carry him off, while the witch was grunting and hugging the tree, her eyes fixed on the rabbit above. Eagle carried his prize to the same spot under the sagebush from which Sage Cock was stolen, and so soon as Sage Cock, now a man, touched the earth he was instantly transformed into the same baby he had been when he had disappeared. As Eagle's tracks were washed out by rainstorms, when the witch discovered her loss she was unable to trace him. But she saw some feathers which she knew were Eagle's, and at once divined what had happened.

She decided to go to her grandfather, a rattlesnake, for protection and for his aid in avenging herself. The venerable reptile, Rattlesnake, with whom she was by no means popular, was drowsing in a glare of sunshine on a big, flat rock, and, vexed that she had awakened him, he told her roughly, "Go away; I don't want to see you." But as she stood there pleading, Eagle appeared. She was badly frightened, but as she did not lose her wits when Rattlesnake cried, "Hide, hide!" she jumped right into the old fellow's mouth and slid down to his middle, which gave old Rattlesnake such a pain that he begged the witch to crawl out, and when she refused, in his paroxysms of anguish he slipped out of his skin, leaving the witch within it.

When Eagle called out, "Where are you, old witch?" in a threatening tone, she answered him derisively from her peculiar quarters, mocking what he had said. As she feared no disturbance in such an abode, she has lived there ever since, and, glorying in her seclusion, her voice is often heard, always deriding and mocking people.—Sioux City Journal.

WE EAT TOO MUCH.

Restricted Diet Is the Main Cure of All the Health Resorts.

"Of the many cures in vogue and recognized from their records as worthy the name nine-tenths of them depend upon reducing the diet for their effectiveness," is the position taken by Ella Morris Kretschmar writing on "The Subject of Diet" in The Woman's Home Companion.

"A widespread fad during the last few years has been the 'no breakfast cure,' and thousands of dyspeptics have gained health, the stout have grown thin and the thin have grown stout, all through lifting the burden from overtaxed digestions. An equally popular cure preceding this was the leaving off of the evening meal—equally effective, of course, just as a 'no midday meal cure' would be if it should be promulgated.

"One of the most splendid cures for all ills in Europe is the grape cure, practiced in Germany, and it is said that any one taking the treatment drops off the wear and tear of five years—actually renews himself by so much. The sanitariums where this treatment is given are beautifully and healthfully situated and comfortably appointed. The patient is given nothing but unfermented grape juice for a period of four weeks—beginning with a generous amount, decreased to a minimum allowance (as little as the system will bear without great weakening) and gradually increased to the first amount.

"At all European spas and American springs, where people are so benefited, what is the course? A restricted diet and a flooding of the system with pure water—resting and washing the system, in other words.

"Animals, those not dominated by the habits and thought atmosphere of man, do not overeat, and even domestic animals stop short their nourishment when in anywise ill. A dog will bury the food not immediately required. Other animals leave off before or at repletion. Man alone will eat without hunger solely to tickle his palate, being indeed the only gorging animal save (truth is merciless) the occupant of the sty."

THE BEWILDERED GUEST.

I was not asked if I should like to come,
I have not seen my host here since I came,
Or had a word of welcome in his name.
Some say that we shall never see him, and some
That we shall see him elsewhere, and then know
Why we were bid. How long I am to stay
I have not the least notion. None, they say,
Was ever told when he should come or go.
But every now and then there bursts upon
The song and mirth a lamentable noise,
A sound of shrieks and sobs that strikes our joys
Dumb in our breasts, and then some one is gone.
They say we meet him. None knows where or when;
We know we shall not meet him here again.
—William Dean Howells.

GLOVE MANUFACTURE.

How the Old Methods Have Been Revolutionized by Machinery.

"The art of glovemaking, once followed exclusively by women, is now pursued largely by men," writes Frank H. Vizetelly in The Woman's Home Companion.

"This is due chiefly to the introduction of machinery, used today for sewing and pressing the seams, and to improved means for drafting patterns which were formerly of paper or wood. Then the glover, laying his pattern on the leather, would mark it in outline with a lead pencil and cut it out with shears. The glove, which was sewed by hand and the seams pounded, then went through the process of pressing. This was done by placing it between two boards, on which the glovemaker sat while making another pair.

"In the manufacture of the modern glove the operator, having cut the leather, folds it over so that the back is larger than the front. Then he makes three cuts through the doubled pieces, so that it may produce the back and front for the four fingers. Next an ovoid hole is cut for the insertion of the thumbpiece. Before completing the work on the first and fourth fingers long strips or gussets are sewed on the inner side, but in the second and third fingers gussets are sewed on both sides. Afterward small diamond shaped pieces are cut, fitted and sewed at the interdigital folds or base of the fingers. The ornamental embroidery is then stitched on the back, the buttons or fasteners fitted and the wrists hemmed. Then the glove is finished. In the sewing a toothed vise or clamp is used to regulate the size of the stitches.

"Glovemakers are divided into three classes. Those who seam the fingers and put in the thumb are called the makers; those who hem the edges at the wrist, welters, and those who embroider the back, pointers. The average earnings of all classes are only $2 a day. In our own country no less than $15,000,000 is invested in the glove industry, which first settled in Gloversville, N. Y., in 1809. At this time the skins used were those of deer received by traders in exchange for tin. Rough mittens were the first product of this settlement, and the first load of gloves that went to Boston was forwarded in 1825."

Actors' Wigs.

The wigs used by the actors are listed under descriptive names. For instance, a Charles II is a flowing wig of natural hair, falling several inches below the shoulder, the hair being dressed in long, full curls.

The wigs of the Louis XI, XIV and XVI are varying types of the bag wig in natural color or white, while the court wig is shoulder length and of white hair.

A Faust wig is of shoulder length, the blond hair hanging in ringlets, while a Richard III is of dark brown and falls just below the nape of the neck, curling under itself, the bang being straight across the forehead.

King Lear's name is used to indicate a white wig and beard of sparse growth, while Mephisto gives name to a wig pointed in the center of the forehead and clear of the temples.

Othello wigs are of black hair, not kinky, but close curled. Romeo should wear a blond, wavy wig of moderate length.

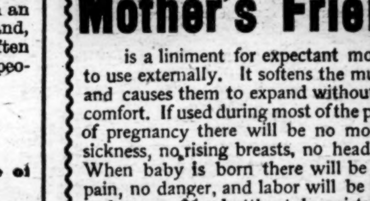
Japanese wigs are known as Mikados and Shylock wigs have two little curls over each ear. The Roman wig falls to the shoulders and is generally blond, but the Brutus wig is short, crisp yellow curls.

The principal female character gives individuality to wigs, for a Gretchen wig is the double braided blond wig worn by stage Marguerites, while Ophelia wears long, unbound hair, and Marie Antoinette the huge formal headdressing of the period. In all there are about 125 male wigs and 50 women's wigs regularly listed.—Chicago News.

Slavonic Patronymics.

The patronymics of the Slavonic races (-eff, -evich, o-vich, -in, ich) are too well known to need comment, but it is worth noting, as a curiosity, that the Little Russian, or Ruthenian, has an ending of its own, -enko, as in the surnames Nikitenko, Yefimenko, son of Nicetas, son of Euthymus. Of the other nationalities under the dominion of Russia, the Georgian has two terminations, -shvili and -dze, both meaning son.

"When the names become Russified," says Thielmann, "the termination -shvili is generally changed into -eff or -off. An exception is found to this rule in the case of the Bagratidze, the most distinguished family in the land, which calls itself Bagration." An instance of the change above referred to is the name of Ratieff, in Georgian Ratieshvili, while, as to Bagration, I do not know its origin, but it reminds one of the Armenian patronymics with their monotonous ending -ian, examples of which are common among the Armenian residents in London, Hagopian (Jacobson), Krikorian (son of Gregory), Findjandjian (son of the coffee cup maker).—Notes and Queries.



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Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.87 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

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3 50 p m	Lv	Fayetteville	Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar	Fayetteville	Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv	Sanford	Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv	Climax	Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv	Greensboro	Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar	Greensboro	Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv	Stokesdale	Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv	Walnut Cove	Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv	Rural Hall	Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv	Mt. Airy	Ar	7 35 p m
South Bound Daily No. 64.		BENNETTSVILLE.		North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv	Bennettsville	Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv	Maxton	Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv	Red Springs	Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv	Hope Mills	Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar	Fayetteville	Lv	4 33 p m
No. 46				No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.		MADISON BRANCH.		North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar	Ramseur	Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv	Climax	Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv	Greensboro	Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar	Greensboro	Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv	Stokesdale	Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv	Madison	Ar	11 55 a m

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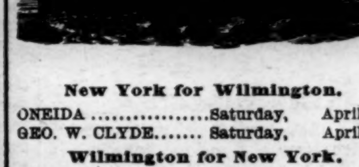


New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ....Saturday, April 8
GEO. W. CLYDE..........Saturday, April 15

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..........Saturday, April 8
ONEIDA ....Saturday, April 15

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA ....Tuesday, April 11
GEO. W. CLYDE..........Tuesday, April 18

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. apr 5 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass.

ma 3 2m

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect March 26, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.26 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M., Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7 01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M., Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.13 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9 30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10 10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.32 A. M., Dillon 10.44 A. M., Rowland 11.01 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.13 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9 09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M., 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Hartsville —— P. M., Bennettsville 9.15 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.03 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 2.15 P. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9 15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.15 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 12.01 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 11.01 A. M., Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 12.25 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.55 P. M., arrive Wilson 1.06 P. M., 11.59 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 9.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

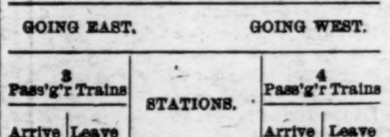
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.25 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.30 P. M., arrive 4.10 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
mar 28 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	3 Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	4 Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1899.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY AT ALBANY, GEORGIA.

Walter R. Jackson, a Prominent Young Man, Killed His Wife, Child and Himself.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALBANY, GA., April 5.—Walter R. Jackson, one of the most prominent young men of Albany, killed his wife and three months old child and then shot himself dead in his home here last night. The remains of the family were buried this afternoon in Oakview cemetery. The funeral was directed by the pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which Mr. and Mrs. Jackson were members. The shocking tragedy startled the people of Albany and all day a great crowd of curious people remained about the house.

Jackson is supposed to have murdered his family and then slain himself in a fit of desperation caused by the loss of his position with the Carter & Wolfolk Warehouse and Commission Company. He was until last Monday employed by that firm as cashier and bookkeeper. The crime could not have been more shocking had it occurred in any family in Albany. Jackson and his wife were among the most popular young people of Albany and everybody thought their home life serene and happy.

The coroner of this county empanelled a jury and after investigating concluded that while temporarily insane Jackson shot his child, wife and then himself.

This morning at six o'clock a servant went to the family room and found the dead bodies. The baby was held in its mother's arms and the lifeless forms of husband and wife were stretched on the bed side by side.

Mrs. Jackson was shot through the left temple, the baby through the chest and Jackson through the right temple. There was every indication that all died instantly. The crime is supposed to have been committed at about daylight, but no one was found who heard the pistol shots. Jackson's pistol was found by his side. The only other occupants of the house except the Jacksons was Mrs. Ed. Richardson, Jackson's grandmother, who did not hear the shots.

Jackson's employers decline to make a statement of the cause of the severance of the young man's connection with the firm, but it is declared that Jackson was not short in his accounts, as reported, and that he had the good will of the firm.

Mrs. Jackson was the oldest daughter of William Godwin, of Albany, and she was the idol of her family circle and the special favorite of a large circle of friends.

AFFAIRS IN HAVANA.

The Military Assembly—Preparations for Distribution of the $3,000,000 Among Cuban Soldiers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 5.—The dissolution of the Cuban Military Assembly, announced in these dispatches last night, does not cause any particular comment among Cubans and Americans here, such a step having been discounted two weeks ago. The American military authorities, while pleased that an obstacle to the dispersal of the Cuban army has been removed, had been preparing to distribute the $3,000,000 without the aid of the Assembly's rolls by causing to be drawn up duplicate rolls. In this work the provincial governors were co-operating with the Cuban commander in their province. In addition, the Assembly's rolls are being verified and corrected by independent inquiries, a task that may last another month. In spite of this, the distribution of money to the Cuban soldiers will possibly be in the vicinity of Havana within a fortnight. The general rules controlling the distribution are to exclude all men who have enlisted since July 17, 1898, and to exclude former soldiers now holding government positions or belonging to the rural guard, first paying each private and non-commissioned officer $100. Then if, as expected, a balance remains, $100 will be paid to such officers. If, after this, there is any money left, it will be disposed of as the President directs.

MORMON MISSIONARIES.

Annual Conference in Session in Charleston, South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 5.—The annual conference of the Mormon elders engaged in missionary work in the Southern States, assembled here to-night. There are twenty delegates present and the conference will last two days. Elder N. F. Rich is presiding at the meeting and routine business is being attended to. South Carolina is represented by but one delegate, Elder Cleveland, of Seneca. Utah, Idaho, New Mexico, Arizona and other Southern States are represented in the gathering.

THE POPE'S CONDITION.

His Physicians Deny Disquieting Reports About His Health.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ROME, April 5.—Drs. Lapponi and Mazzoni have issued another formal denial of the disquieting stories in circulation about the Pope's health. They declare he follows his usual occupations, grants audiences daily and celebrates mass almost every morning. Dr. Lapponi declares the Pope is now in the same health as he has enjoyed for some two or three years past. His Holiness received Archbishop Ireland to-day in a farewell audience.

TO STAY ONE DAY MORE.

Exhibition of Home-made Gas.

Home-made gas is the method of heating done by the Champion Oil Burner Company. This Cleveland firm is meeting with great success and is in a fair way to revolutionize the methods of heating all kinds of stoves and furnaces in this vicinity by the use of kerosene oil, which their burners convert into a natural or home-made gas, for cooking and heating purposes. This new process is superior to anything we have ever seen, and the cost of these burners is within the reach of all, especially to those who wish to order now and receive the benefit of the wholesale prices. The representatives of this company by special request have decided to remain over until Thursday evening, which will be the last of their exhibition on South Front street, nearly opposite the Market House, and the selling of their burners here will then be left in the hands of a competent agent.

TO SETTLE THE SAMOA QUESTION.

Agreement by the Governments of Germany, Great Britain and America.

BUT THERE IS A STRING TO IT

Negotiations Progressing—Great Britain Favors Majority Rule for the Commission — Germany Wants Unanimity.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, April 5.—The negotiations between the German minister of foreign affairs, Baron von Buelow, the United States ambassador Andrew D. White, and the British ambassador Sir Frank C. Lascelles, continue. The representative of Great Britain still favors the majority rule within the proposed Samoan investigation commission, German wants unanimity, according to the Berlin act, and the United States acquiesces in the latter.

Mr. White said to the correspondent here of the Associated Press: "I believe England will yield to unanimity. The delay in a decision is probably due to Lord Salisbury's absence. As a compromise I offered that each Power appoint three commissioners, with seven to decide. But this met with small favor. Germany thinks that it will not be difficult to secure the unanimity within the commission if the commissioners are instructed to be conciliatory.

"Official dispatches from Washington say the American representatives at Samoa have been instructed to proceed cautiously and return to the *status quo*. All other reports, such as that the United States and Great Britain will hold Germany responsible for the deaths of blue-jackets during the recent fights are baseless."

As to the Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The Samoan agreement for a high commission has progressed to the point where the three governments are exchanging notes as to the members of the commission. This is accepted as an assurance that Lord Salisbury accepted not only the principle of the commission, but the commission itself, as the consideration of the British delegate would hardly be entered upon unless the commission was assured. The published report that three commissioners would be named from each country is without foundation, as such a plan has never been considered. There will be one from each country, of about the same relative rank or standing.

The semi-official announcement that the German government will not appoint either Consul General Rosenthal or Consul General Rose as its representative on the Samoan commission, taken in connection with the declaration of a purpose of selecting an official of the rank of consul general for the place, has tended to confirm the belief of the officials here that the intention is to name Dr. Schmidt as the German commissioner. Dr. Schmidt is now a privy councillor and a director in the Foreign Office at Berlin of matters connected with the Asiatic and Samoan policy. He was consul general of Samoa at Apia until four years ago, when he was withdrawn at the instance of the United States, owing to his attitude towards Mr. Mulligan, the United States consul general there.

Status of Consuls.

One point in the negotiations appears to be open and may occasion some difficulty. This is as to the future status of Chief Justice Chambers, and Consuls Rose of Germany, Osborne of the United States and Mage of Great Britain. It would be quite acceptable to Germany if all of them are withdrawn, but when this proposal was made some time ago it was distinctly rejected. Now, however, the high commission may have such enlarged powers that in effect the chief justice and the consuls will have their authority curtailed, if not entirely cut off. In some well informed quarters it is said this is the real cause of Lord Salisbury's very mature consideration of the plan, as he is believed to be averse to any project which, even indirectly, will result in the retirement of all the present officials and the virtual acceptance of Germany's original proposal that all be withdrawn.

To Settle Preliminaries.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The *Commercial Advertiser's* London correspondent cables to day as follows:

Though the three governments desire to expedite matters in the arrangement of the personnel of the Samoan commission, it will probably require some weeks to settle the preliminaries, with Washington the seat of the deliberations. Foreseeing long and remote investigation and subsequent negotiations, the English Foreign Office is especially anxious to arrange a modus vivendi for temporary administration that will also avert further embarrassing proceedings by the admirals and consuls on the ground, of which, at Muscat and elsewhere, Lord Salisbury has recently had unpleasant experience. This desire sufficiently explains the cautious British acceptance of the commission.

Word comes from Berlin that the new German representative, now en route to Samoa, carries restraining hints to German traders there.

The German Foreign Office also finds precedent in Bismarck's condemnation of acts of the German consul ten years ago in Samoa that will aid it in dealing now with Raffal and Rose in soothing sensitive German opinion.

The ultimate German aim is a friendly division of the islands, to which proposition official Berlin believes America will not object, if its coaling station is secured.

Angry German attacks are aimed more at England than America, and come mainly from irresponsible journals. Allowance must be made for German supersensitiveneas over colonial rivalries.

RHODE ISLAND'S ELECTION.

The State Republican, Though Democrats Made Gains in Many Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 5.—The State election to-day resulted in a Republican victory, though the Democrats made gains in many localities.

The entire Republican State ticket, headed by Governor Dyer, was successful, and the General Assembly will be Republican by a large majority, though not as large as last year. The Socialist vote was large in the cities and manufacturing towns.

WHEN TRAVELING

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

AGUINALDO THE FILIPINO LEADER.

Rumors in Manila That He Has Been Supplanted by General Luna.

A TYPICAL BELLIGERENT.

Proclamation of the U. S. Commission Printed and Circulated—Received by Natives With Marked Attention. Foreign Comment.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, April 5.—There are persistent rumors to-day that Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has been supplanted in the control of Filipino affairs by General Antonio Luna, commander-in-chief of the Filipino forces. Luna is described as being a typical belligerent.

The proclamation of the United States Philippine Commission was posted in the streets, printed in English, Spanish and Tagolog to-day. It was also distributed in the outside towns as far as Malolos, and has been received with marked attention by the natives generally, and has been approved by a number of representative Manilans.

English bankers who have been interviewed on the subject are optimistic upon the attitude of the Americans, assuming that it indicates that the decisive policy will undoubtedly be successful.

A Spanish banker, who was interviewed, expressed the opinion that the proclamation will not reach the masses controlling the rebellion be cause, he explained, the Filipinos at Manila are mostly domestics and clerks who have no definite opinions and the wirepullers outside of the city have undoubtedly intercepted it.

The editor of *Oceania* thinks the proclamation is the most politic document ever published in the Philippine islands and that it is bound to convince the wavering of the folly of further hostilities.

An English merchant says the first clause, with reference to the establishment and maintenance of American sovereignty and warning the rebels, should settle the question in the mind of every thinking Filipino.

A Scotch ship-owner thinks it does not leave any further doubt as to the policy of the United States and that, consequently, Aguinaldo must submit to the inevitable, as the continuance of hostilities is opposed to the best interests of the Filipinos.

Town of Dagupan Bombarded.

MANILA, April 6.—The United States cruiser Charleston, which has been cruising along the west coast of Luzon, to the north, sent a boat in shore near Dagupan last Saturday to make soundings. The rebels opened fire, wounding a United States officer. The cruiser thereupon bombarded the town, the insurgents evacuating it.

SEEKING INTERVENTION.

Citizens of New Orleans Complain to State Department of Arbitrary Action of Nicaragua Officials.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Representative Myer, of Louisiana, to-day accompanied to the State Department a delegation of citizens of New Orleans, who seek the intervention of the United States government to protect American business on the Mosquito coast of Nicaragua. They told Secretary Hay some of the embarrassments they were under in conducting business in Nicaragua, owing to what they termed as the "arbitrary and extortionate actions of the Nicaraguan officials." They complained particularly against General Torres. It was asserted that Torres had been removed as Governor of the Mosquito country in 1894 upon the demand of the American government, owing to his failure to punish the murderer Aguello, and it was maintained that his reinstatement now amounts to a breach of the agreement on the part of Nicaragua. The delegation also told of the oppressive action of Torres in demanding double payment of duties on imports and referred to other arbitrary acts on the part of the government. One of the purposes of their visit was to secure the detail of a United States warship for duty in the vicinity of the Bluefields, but the Navy Department anticipated their request in this matter. Secretary Hay will communicate with United States Minister Hunter respecting the matter.

WHY WOMEN ARE NERVOUS.

[*British Medical News.*]

The frequent cases of nervous prostration or utter collapse of the nervous system under which women "go all to pieces," as the saying is, have caused much thought and investigation on the part of physicians.

Certain inorganic substances are well known to cause various forms of nervous diseases which are readily traced to the poisons producing them. Further research leads to the belief that alum is a prevailing cause of so-called nervous prostration, for the symptoms it produces on the nervous system after its absorption into the blood are very remarkable indeed. Experiments physiologically made upon animals by Orfila, Professors Hans Mayer, Paul Seim and others, show that alum frequently produces no visible symptoms for many days after its introduction into the body. Then follow loss of appetite and other ailmentary disturbances, and finally a serious prostration of the whole nervous system. The most prominent physicians now believe that "nervous prostration" and many affections of the nerves from which both men and women suffer, are caused by the continued absorption of alum into the system.

It is probable that many medical men are unaware of the extent to which salts of alumina may be introduced into the body, being under the impression that the use of alum in bread is prohibited. Alum, however, is still used surreptitiously to some extent to whiten bread and very largely in making cheap kinds of baking powder. In families where baking powder is generally used great care should be exercised to procure only those brands made from cream of tartar. The alum powders may generally be distinguished by the lower price at which they are sold.

Emily Vanderbilt Sloan, daughter of William Douglas Sloan, and niece of Cornelius, William K., Frederick and George Vanderbilt, married to John Henry Hammond of Boston. The ceremony took place in St. Bartholomew's church, New York city. The bride was the recipient of many costly presents.

CASES OF SMALLPOX.

Reported to the State Board of Health from Rocky Mount and Other Places.

CORPORATION COMMISSION.

New Board Took the Oath of Office—Dr. Abbott's Contention—The Governor. Raleigh's Municipal Election. Mistake in Revenue Act.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 5.

A new case of smallpox was discovered here this morning. The patient is one of the negroes who came in contact with the negro woman, Carrie Young, who is now in the pest house. Since that time this negro, with six others who were similarly exposed, have been quarantined.

Three new cases of smallpox were this morning reported to the State Board of Health from Rocky Mount, and one from Newton. All the people at both places have been vaccinated and there is no danger of spread of the disease. All the Rocky Mount cases came from other places, and all from different directions. Rocky Mount has compulsory vaccination and one man is now serving on the chain gang for refusal to be vaccinated. Another was sent to the roads with him, but later decided to be vaccinated and was released.

Corporation Commissioners.

The corporation commissioners, Messrs. Franklin McNeill (chairman), S. L. Rogers and E. C. Beddingfield, took the oath of office this morning at 9 50 o'clock before Justice Walter Clark, of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

Immediately after the oath had been administered the commission was called to order and Dr. D. H. Abbott appeared with his attorney—Judge MacRae—and claimed "to be a member thereof by virtue of his election by the Legislature of North Carolina for the term of six years from April 1st, 1897."

This claim was denied, Chairman McNeill stating that he would comply with the statute and recognize Mr. E. C. Beddingfield as commissioner, whereupon Dr. Abbott respectfully entered his protest against the action of the commission.

This done Dr. Abbott retired and the commission went into executive session and elected Mr. Henry C. Brown, clerk to the commission. Mr. Brown had been clerk to the railroad commission ever since its organization April 1st, 1891. His salary is $1,000 a a year; that of the commissioners is $2 000.

The sheriff of Cabarrus county has settled his taxes for 1898, paying the State Treasurer $9,346 26.

It was given out at the Executive office yesterday by Private Secretary Cade that the Governor had returned from Washington. He was mistaken. The Governor has not returned and is not expected back till to-night.

Municipal Election.

The vote for mayor, in the Democratic primaries last night was: Powell, 711; Pogue, 394; Leach, 32. The Board of Aldermen elected are as follows: J. S. Wynne, W. E. Jones, L. B. Pegram, C. C. McDonald, Len Wilder, W. W. Parrish, John C. Drewry, H. W. Miller, Samuel Bogasse, H. H. Crocker, J. S. Correll, Sherwood Upchurch, D. S. Hamilton, R. C. Bedford, Moses A. Bledsoe, W. D. Smith.

The nominating convention for the city meets to-morrow. The action of the primaries in regard to nominations will of course be confirmed. It is also pretty certain that a resolution will be passed declaring the city of Raleigh should own and operate its electric light plant and water-works, and instructing the aldermen to use their most earnest efforts to this end. Such a resolution was last night adopted in two wards.

Mistakes in Revenue Act.

The mistake in the Revenue Act, in regard to dispensaries, to which reference was made in my dispatch to the STAR last night, occurs in section 24, which imposes a license tax of 2 per cent. on purchases of liquor dealers —in addition to the ad valorem tax on their stock—and also an annual license tax of $50 on druggists dealing in spirituous liquors.

At the end of the section the following provisos are added:

"Provided, that this act shall not authorize any druggist to sell spirituous, vinous or malt liquors except upon the prescription of a practicing physician, as now allowed by law; provided, in towns with less than five hundred inhabitants, and in towns where the sale of liquor is prohibited by law, twenty-five dollars shall be the license; provided, that this section shall apply to all dispensaries."

Treasurer Worth thinks the last proviso a mistake. It was evidently meant to apply to the tax only, but it applies as well to the provision, except upon the prescription of a practicing physician.

It is not known yet whether this proviso will or can be enforced by the courts, as it is wholly inconsistent with the other sections of the act relative to the tax on dispensaries. Treasurer Worth thinks that it cannot be enforced.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The new Board of Directors of the Insane Asylum met to-day and re-elected Dr. Kirby as Superintendent at a salary of $2,800, and W. R. Crawford, steward, salary $1,000. Mrs. M. E. Whitaker was elected matron, salary $500. J. C. Bellamy was chosen secretary of the board, salary $100. The Executive Committee was given power in the matter of making provision for the criminal insane, for whom the Legislature by oversight failed to make appropriation.

The corporation commission elected a stenographer at a salary of $60 a month. Miss Elsie Riddick, now stenographer to the Board of Agriculture, was chosen.

The executive committee of the State Fair met to-day and made arrangements to pay off all indebtedness of the association.

The Belgian Geographicial Society has received a dispatch stating that the extreme latitude reached by the Antartic expeditionary steamer Belgica, was 71:36 south, longitude 62.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London *Times* telegraphs an alarmist statement regarding the spread of serious labor troubles and strikes in the manufacturing districts of Russia.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NASH COUNTY.

Snow Storm—Fire at Gold Rock—Planting Season Late.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

GOLD ROCK, NASH CO., April 4.

Snow is now falling very fast and has been for three hours (now 9 o'clock A. M.) nearly two inches deep.

Ex-Sheriff A. H. Ricks lost a large tenant house by fire a few nights since. The occupant lost everything, including a fifty-dollar gold watch. Mr. W. C. Taylor also lost his corn barn by fire last night, with all of his corn from a large crop. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Mr. Robt. Stallings was painfully injured by the kick of a mule a few days ago. The mule kicked him on the knee, completely crushing his knee-pan. Dr. J. C. Brasswell rendered necessary medical attention and will save the limb, but a stiff joint will be the result.

Farmers are more backward than ever before in this section, no corn having been planted as yet.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Bodies of Man and Wife Found in Their House Near Pensacola.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PENSACOLA, April 5.—A Mr. Smith and his wife, recent arrivals from the North, were burned to death in their house last night near Harper's station, ten miles from this city. Their bodies were found to-day. Sheriff Mitchell, County Judge Holley and the coroner's jury from Milton, in Santa Rosa county, left immediately for the scene to investigate the matter. Nothing is known here of the full name or former home of Mr. Smith.

WOMEN ELECTED.

Mayor, Council and Clerk of the City of Beattie, Kansas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BEATTIE, KAS., April 5.—In the city election here two tickets were in the field, one composed of women and the other of men. Mrs. Charles Totten was elected mayor, and Mrs. Sheldon, Mrs. Schlight, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Kirlin and Mrs. Watkins for council, while Miss O'Neill, for clerk, won easily.

The women drove their own carriages all through a blinding snow storm, carrying voters to the polls.

The police, judge and marshal are men.

A BREAK FOR LIBERTY.

Escape of Inmates of a Home for Incorrigible Girls.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHILLICOTHE, MO., April 6.—Twenty-five inmates of the States Industrial Home for Incorrigible Girls, in this city, made a break for liberty to-day, armed with butcher knives and other weapons. They drove back the guards, but were finally run down and captured by the police after a long chase.

WARM WIRELETS.

The President has appointed Colonel Adelbert I. Buffington to be brigadier general and chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, to succeed the late General Flagler.

The casualties in the Philippines from February 4th to April, inclusive, are reported to the adjutant general as follows: Killed 184; wounded 976. Total 1,160.

The anti-Quay Republicans yesterday dropped Judge Stewart, of Franklin county, Pa., and cast their ballots for ex Congressman George F. Huff, of Westmoreland county. There was no election of U. S. Senator.

In view of the success of experiments with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy, across the strait of Dover, Paris authorities propose to transmit messages to England. The terminal in Paris will probably be the Eiffel tower.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A "mother's help:" a woman who can sew and be generally useful. A good home for some one. Apply at once with reference, at 316 South Third street. apr 5 2t

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. S McEachern's Feed store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 204 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

V. Cammariero has received two additional musicians to join with him for the formation of a Band, consisting of Harp, Violin and Flute, under name of Baltimore Italian String Band, and are open for engagements at 614 South Front street. Call on or address him when in need of the Band's services. mar 18 tf

I am not in business for fun. All consignments promptly sold; enquiries cheerfully answered. My business is to sell all products to the interest of the producer. I deal in Groceries, Cotton, Spirits, Tar and Rosin. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. ma 8 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

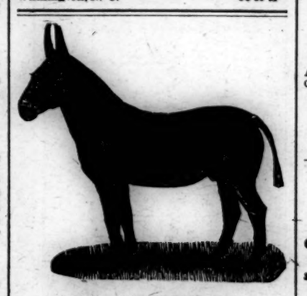
For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 22 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf



NEW LIVERY.

I have received a new lot of Horses, Buggies etc., and am here to do business. When you want to buy or hire give me a trial. A good supply on hand to select from at all times.

F. T. MILLS.

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The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

This Bank offers to the business public unsurpassed facilities in every department. Accuracy, Safety and polite attention guaranteed.

Foreign Exchange bought and sold.

DIRECTORS:

J. C. STEVENSON, A. B. NICHOLS, K. M. MURCHISON, M. J. CORBETT, R. W. WALLACE, N. B. RANKIN, T. M. EMERSON, A. S. WILLIAMS, J. A. SPRINGER, W. G. WHITEHEAD, FRED KIDDER, N. JACOBI, W. H. SPRUNT.

ma 12 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.
We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS. Call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

fa 26 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.

Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

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S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

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Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

e 9 tf

Still Sold On Its Merits.

One Hundred and Eighty Quarts of FARRISS' PURE ICE CREAM sold and delivered Easter.

No Custard.

PALACE BAKERY.

apr 4 tf

Always Rock Bottom Prices

ALL GOODS IN MY LINE.

Offer.....
150 boxes Crackers.
200 boxes Snuff (all grades).
300 boxes Starch (elliniold Lump).
400 cases Canned Goods.
450 barrels Molasses.
800 bales Timothy Hay.
20,000 pounds Wheat Bran.

And no less than a SOLID TRAIN LOAD of other Staple Groceries.
"I buy and sell with the cheapest."

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
Wilmington, N. C.

apr 4 tf

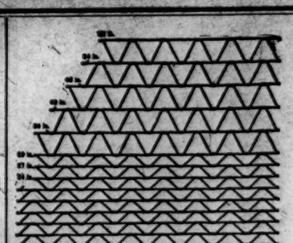
FOR SALE.

One second hand Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. In good order. Runs nine barrels.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers.

apr 4 tf

The Hartman Woven Wire Fencing



IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

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SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

495 STYLES TO SELECT FROM.

Fit Guaranteed.

PRICE, **$12.50** AND UPWARD.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

☞ Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 and up. apr 2 tf

Household Helps

And Labor Savers for house cleaning time, laundry use and all sorts of cleaning. We have in everything that is needed in Brooms, Brushes, Soaps, Soap Powders, Soda, etc., of the best manufacture at the Lowest Prices. Our Ammonia will be found indispensable for household use.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
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THIS IS THE TIME

AND THIS IS THE PLACE FOR YOU

To Buy Furniture

We are opening the finest line of all grades of Furniture ever shown in the city.

OUR PRICE WILL MEET ALL COMPETITION. BOUGHT FOR CASH, WILL SELL AT THE LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Try one of our Perfection Mattresses. They never pack. If you choose, try one on approval. Any kind of Mattress made and renovated.
Furniture repaired and refinished by a first class Cabinet Maker.
We invite your inspection.

THE SNEED COMPANY.

apr 2 tf

GETTING RICH IS EASY ENOUGH.....

IF YOU BEGIN RIGHTLY. SAVE SOME PORTION OF YOUR WAGES WEEKLY; DEPOSIT AMOUNTS REGULARLY IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

WHERE IT WILL BE PERFECTLY SECURE AND CAN BE DRAWN WHEN WANTED. IF LEFT THERE WILL ACCUMULATE BY EARNING INTEREST WITH SURPRISING RAPIDITY. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS OF $5.00 OR MORE. SAVING ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED BY DEPOSITING TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. ma 23 tf

A Warm Time Coming.

BE PREPARED!

We handle the best makes of

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, &c.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW STOCK.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

No. 114 N. Front Street.

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Neckwear, -:- Neckwear.

OUR SPRING OPENING THIS, SATURDAY MORNING.

The handsomest line of **Ascots, Puffs, 4 In Hands, Imperials and Club Ties** ever shown in this city. COME IN AND LOOK THEM OVER.

OUR Tailoring Department

Is on a boom, and every one who sees our line of **Imported and Domestic Suitings and Trouserings** pronounce them far superior to any they have ever seen.

M. H. CURRAN,
107 Princess street.

apr 1 tf

Wall Paper....

NEW SPRING DESIGNS JUST RECEIVED.

AGENCY FOR ALFRED PEAT'S AND RICHARD THIBANT'S CELEBRATED PAPERS.

Unsurpassed Designs and Colorings.

CALL AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS.

New York Prices.

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